





A CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

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INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS SL280DFNV

DAVE LENNOX SIGNATURE®
GAS FURNACE DOWNFLOW
AIR DISCHARGE

508150-02 04/2024 Supersedes 08/2021

THIS MANUAL MUST BE LEFT WITH THE HOMEOWNER FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

This is a safety alert symbol and should never be ignored. When you see this symbol on labels or in manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury or death.

WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer (or equivalent), service agency or the gas supplier.

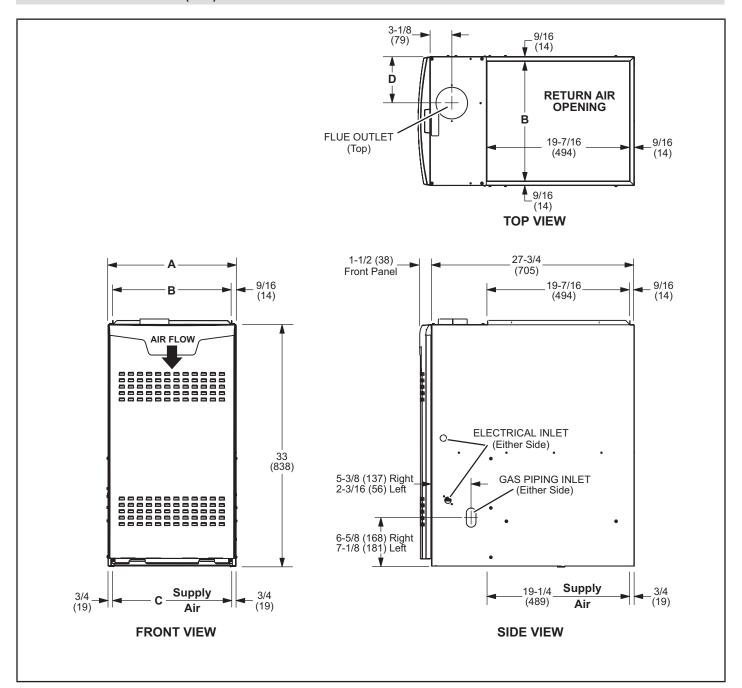
A NOTICE

- A thermostat is not included and must be ordered separately.
- A communicating thermostat must be used in communicating applications.
- •In non-communicating applications, the Lennox ComfortSense® 7500 thermostat may be used, as well as other non-communicating thermostats.

In all cases, setup is critical to ensure proper system operation. Field wiring for both communicating and non-communicating applications is illustrated in diagrams, which begin on Page 21.

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Model	A		В		С		D	
Model	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm
SL280DF060NV36B	17-1/2	446	16-3/8	416	16	406	6-1/4	159
SL280DF080NV60C	21	533	19-7/8	504	19-1/2	495	8	203

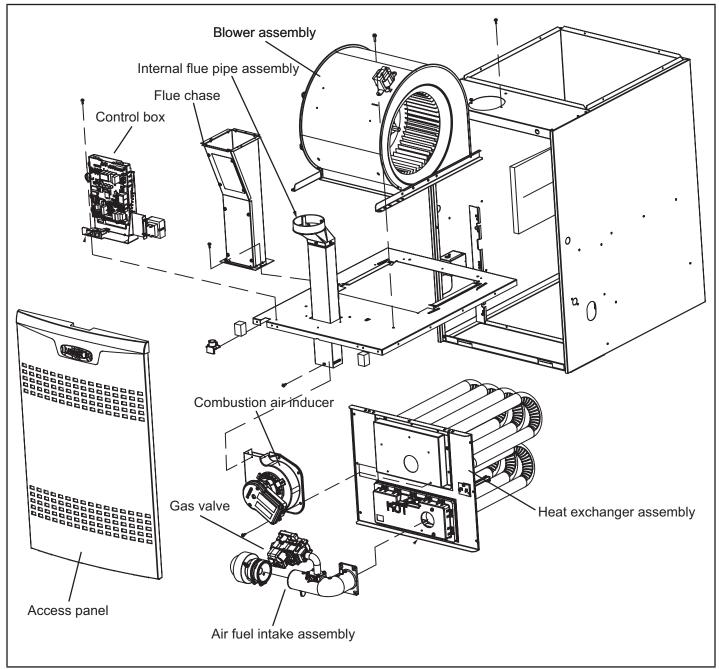


FIGURE 1

SL280DFNV Gas Furnace

The SL280DFNV gas furnace is equipped with a two stage, variable speed integrated control. the control is compatible with:

Communicating thermostats.

Non-communicating thermostats - ComfortSense or other conventional thermostats.

Control systems - Harmony III™ Zone Control System (non-communicating). Each SL280DFNV unit is shipped ready for installation in the downflow position.

Shipping and Packing List

Package 1 of 1 contains

- 1 Assembled SL280DFNV unit
- 1 Bag assembly containing the following:
 - 2 Screws
 - 1 Snap bushing
 - 1 Snap plug
 - 1 Wire tie
 - 1 -Vent warning label
 - 1 Owner's manual and warranty card

The following items may be ordered separately:

- 1 Thermostat
- 1 Propane/LP changeover kit
- 1 Combustible flooring base

Check equipment for shipping damage. If you find any damage, immediately contact the last carrier.

Safety Information

▲ DANGER

Danger of explosion.

There are circumstances in which odorant used with LP/propane gas can lose its scent. In case of a leak, LP/propane gas will settle close to the floor and may be difficult to smell. An LP/propane leak detector should be installed in all LP applications.

WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional installer (or equivalent), service agency or the gas supplier.

A CAUTION

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

Certifications

SL280DFNV units are CSA International certified.

In the USA, installation of gas furnaces must conform with local building codes. In the absence of local codes, units must be installed according to the current National Fuel Gas Code (ANSI-Z223.1). The National Fuel Gas Code is available from the following address:

American National Standards Institute, Inc.

11 West 42nd Street

New York, NY 10036

Clearances

Adequate clearance must be made around the air openings into the vestibule area. In order to ensure proper unit operation, combustion and ventilation air supply must be provided according to the current National Fuel Gas Code. Vent installations must be consistent with the venting tables (in this instruction) and applicable provisions of local building codes.

This furnace is CSA International certified for installation clearances to combustible material as listed on the unit nameplate and in the tables in FIGURE 14. Accessibility and service clearances must take precedence over fire protection clearances.

Installed Locations

For installation in a residential garage, the furnace must be installed so that the burner(s) and the ignition source are located no less than 18 inches (457 mm) above the floor. The furnace must be located or protected to avoid physical damage by vehicles. When a furnace is installed in a public garage, hangar, or other building that has a hazardous atmosphere, the furnace must be installed according to recommended good practice requirements and current National Fuel Gas Code.

NOTE - Furnace must be adjusted to obtain a temperature rise (high and low fire) within the range(s) specified on the unit nameplate. Failure to do so may cause erratic limit operation and may also result in premature heat exchanger failure. This SL280DFNV furnace must be installed so that its electrical components are protected from water.

This SL280DFNV furnace must be installed so that its electrical components are protected from water.

Installed in Combination with a Cooling Coil

When this furnace is used with cooling units, it shall be installed in parallel with, or on the upstream side of, cooling units to avoid condensation in the heating compartment. With a parallel flow arrangement, a damper (or other means to control the flow of air) must adequately prevent chilled air from entering the furnace (see figure 2). If the damper is manually operated, it must be equipped to prevent operation of either the heating or the cooling unit, unless it is in the full HEAT or COOL setting.

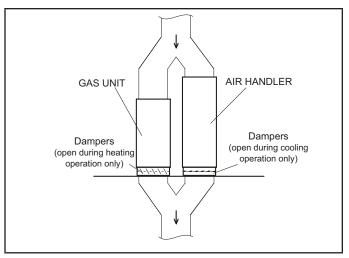


FIGURE 2

When installed, this furnace must be electrically grounded according to local codes. In addition, in the United States, installation must conform with the current National Electric Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70. The National Electric Code (ANSI/NFPA No. 70) is available from the following address:

National Fire Protection Association

1 Battery March Park

Quincy, MA 02269

NOTE - This furnace is designed for a minimum continuous return air temperature of 60°F (16°C) or an intermittent operation down to 55°F (13°C) dry bulb for cases where a night setback thermostat is used. Return air temperature must not exceed 85°F (29°C) dry bulb.

The SL280DFNV furnace may be installed in alcoves, closets, attics, basements, garages, and utility rooms in the downflow position.

This furnace design has not been CSA International certified for installation in mobile homes, recreational vehicles, or outdoors.

Use of Furnace as Construction Heater

Lennox does not recommend the use of SL280DFNV units as a construction heater during any phase of construction. Very low return air temperatures, harmful vapors and operation of the unit with clogged or misplaced filters will damage the unit.

SL280DFNV units may be used for heating of buildings or structures under construction, if the following conditions are met:

- The vent system must be permanently installed per these installation instructions.
- A room thermostat must control the furnace. The use of fixed jumpers that will provide continuous heating is not allowed.
- The return air duct must be provided and sealed to the furnace.
- Return air temperature range between 60°F (16°C) and 80°F (27°C) must be maintained.
- Air filters must be installed in the system and must be maintained during construction.

- Air filters must be replaced upon construction completion.
- The input rate and temperature rise must be set per the furnace rating plate.
- One hundred percent (100%) outdoor air must be provided for combustion air requirements during construction. Temporary ducting may supply outdoor air to the furnace. Do not connect duct directly to the furnace. Size the temporary duct following these instructions in section for Combustion, Dilution and Ventilation Air in a confined space with air from outside.
- The furnace heat exchanger, components, duct system, air filters and evaporator coils must be thoroughly cleaned following final construction clean-up. All furnace operating conditions (including ignition, input rate, temperature rise and venting) must be verified according to these installation instructions.
- The refrigerant leak detection sensor must be inspected for dust/debris deposits. Please refer to the evaporator coil and/or refrigerant detection sensor kit instructions for additional information.

General

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede local codes in any way. Consult authorities having jurisdiction before installation.

In addition to the requirements outlined previously, the following general recommendations must be considered when installing a SL280DFNV furnace:

- Place the furnace as close to the center of the air distribution system as possible. The furnace should also be located close to the chimney or vent termination point.
- Do not install the furnace where drafts might blow directly into it. This could cause improper combustion and unsafe operation.
- Do not block the furnace combustion air openings with clothing, boxes, doors, etc. Air is needed for proper combustion and safe unit operation.
- When the furnace is installed in an attic or other insulated space, keep insulation away from the furnace.

Combustion, Dilution & Ventilation Air

In the past, there was no problem in bringing in sufficient outdoor air for combustion. Infiltration provided all the air that was needed. In today's homes, tight construction practices make it necessary to bring in air from outside for combustion. Take into account that exhaust fans, appliance vents, chimneys, and fireplaces force additional air that could be used for combustion out of the house. Unless outside air is brought into the house for combustion, negative pressure (outside pressure is greater than inside pressure) will build to the point that a downdraft can occur in the furnace vent pipe or chimney. As a result, combustion gases enter the living space creating a potentially dangerous situation.

In the absence of local codes concerning air for combustion and ventilation, use the guidelines and procedures in this section to install SL280DFNV furnaces to ensure efficient and safe operation. You must consider combustion air needs and requirements for exhaust vents. A portion of this information has been reprinted with permission from the National Fuel Gas Code (ANSIZ223.1). This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the ANSI on the referenced subject, which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

A CAUTION

Do not install the furnace in a corrosive or contaminated atmosphere. Meet all combustion and ventilation air requirements, as well as all local codes.

CAUTION

Insufficient combustion air can cause headaches, nausea, dizziness or asphyxiation. It will also cause excess water in the heat exchanger resulting in rusting and premature heat exchanger failure. Excessive exposure to contaminated combustion air will result in safety and performance related problems. Avoid exposure to the following substances in the combustion air supply:

Permanent wave solutions

Chlorinated waxes and cleaners

Chlorine base swimming pool chemicals

Water softening chemicals

De-icing salts or chemicals

Carbon tetrachloride

Halogen type refrigerants

Cleaning solvents (such as perchloroethylene)

Printing inks, paint removers, varnishes, etc.

Hydrochloric acid

Cements and glues

Antistatic fabric softeners for clothes dryers

Masonry acid washing materials

All gasfired appliances require air for the combustion process. If sufficient combustion air is not available, the furnace or other appliances will operate inefficiently and unsafely. Enough air must be provided to meet the needs of all fuel-burning appliances and appliances such as exhaust fans which force air out of the house. When fireplaces, exhaust fans, or clothes dryers are used at the same time as the furnace, much more air is necessary to ensure proper combustion and to prevent a downdraft. Insufficient air causes incomplete combustion which can result in carbon monoxide.

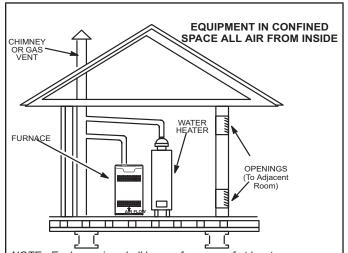
In addition to providing combustion air, fresh outdoor air dilutes contaminants in the indoor air. These contaminants may include bleaches, adhesives, detergents, solvents and other contaminants which can corrode furnace components. The requirements for providing air for combustion and ventilation depend largely on whether the furnace is installed in an unconfined or a confined space.

Unconfined Space

An unconfined space is an area such as a basement or large equipment room with a volume greater than 50 cubic feet (1.42 m3) per 1,000 Btu (.29 kW) per hour of the combined input rating of all appliances installed in that space. This space also includes adjacent rooms which are not separated by a door. Though an area may appear to be unconfined, it might be necessary to bring in outdoor air for combustion if the structure does not provide enough air by infiltration. If the furnace is located in a building of tight construction with weather stripping and caulking around the windows and doors, follow the procedures in the air from outside section. **Confined Space**

A confined space is an area with a volume less than 50 cubic feet (1.42 m3) per 1,000 Btu (.29 kW) per hour of the combined input rating of all appliances installed in that space. This definition includes furnace closets or small equipment rooms.

When the furnace is installed so that supply ducts carry air circulated by the furnace to areas outside the space containing the furnace, the return air must be handled by ducts which are sealed to the furnace casing and which terminate outside the space containing the furnace. This is especially important when the furnace is mounted on a platform in a confined space such as a closet or small equipment room. Even a small leak around the base of the unit at the platform or at the return air duct connection can cause a potentially dangerous negative pressure condition. Air for combustion and ventilation can be brought into the confined space either from inside the building or from outside.



NOTE - Each opening shall have a free area of at least one square inch (645 mm²) per 1,000 Btu (.29 kW) per hour of the total input rating of all equipment in the enclosure, but not less than 100 square inches (64516 mm²).

FIGURE 3

Air from Inside

If the confined space that houses the furnace adjoins a space categorized as unconfined, air can be brought in by providing two permanent openings between the two spaces. Each opening must have a minimum free area of 1 square inch (645 mm2) per 1,000 Btu (.29 kW) per hour of total input rating of all gas-fired equipment in the confined space.

Each opening must be at least 100 square inches (64516 mm2). One opening shall be within 12 inches (305 mm) of the top of the enclosure and one opening within 12 inches (305 mm) of the bottom. See FIGURE 3.

Air from Outside

If air from outside is brought in for combustion and ventilation, the confined space must have two permanent openings. One opening shall be within 12 inches (305 mm) of the top of the enclosure and one opening within 12 inches (305 mm) of the bottom. These openings must communicate directly or by ducts with the outdoors or spaces (crawl or attic) that freely communicate with the outdoors or indirectly through vertical ducts. Each opening shall have a minimum free area of 1 square inch (645 mm2) per 4,000 Btu (1.17 kW) per hour of total input rating of all equipment in the enclosure. See FIGURE 4 and FIGURE 5.

When communicating with the outdoors through horizontal ducts, each opening shall have a minimum free area of 1 square inch (645 mm2) per ,000 Btu (.56 kW) per total input rating of all equipment in the enclosure. See FIGURE 6

When ducts are used, they shall be of the same cross-sectional area as the free area of the openings to which they connect. The minimum dimension of rectangular air ducts shall be no less than 3 inches (75 mm). In calculating free area, the blocking effect of louvers, grilles, or screens must be considered. If the design and free area of protective covering is not known for calculating the size opening required, it may be assumed that wood louvers will have 20 to 25 percent free area and metal louvers and grilles will have 60 to 75 percent free area. Louvers and grilles must be fixed in the open position or interlocked with the equipment so that they are opened automatically during equipment operation.

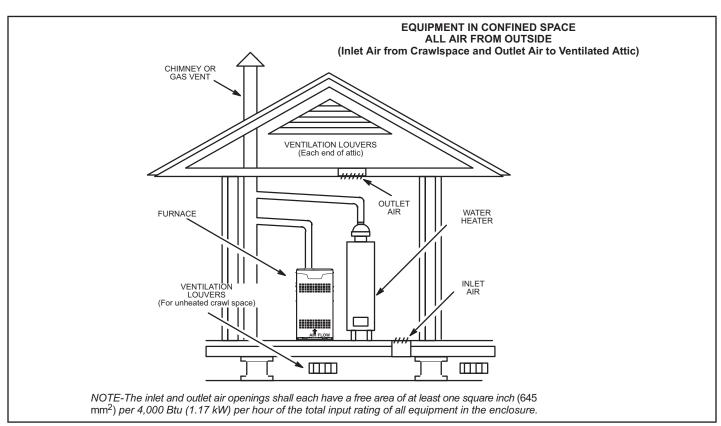


FIGURE 4

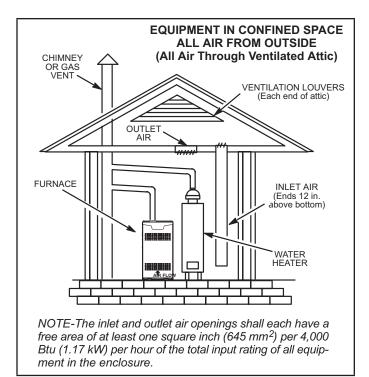
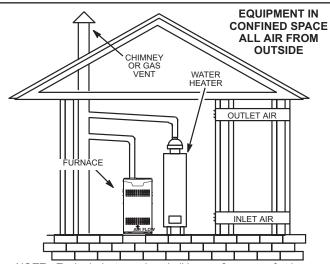


FIGURE 5



NOTE - Each air duct opening shall have a free area of at least one square inch (645 mm²) per 2,000 Btu (.59 kW) per hour of the total input rating of all equipment in the enclosure. If the equipment room is located against an outside wall and the air openings communicate directly with the outdoors, each opening shall have a free area of at least one square inch (645 mm²) per 4,000 Btu (1.17 kW) per hour of the total input rating of all other equipment in the enclosure.

FIGURE 6

Downflow Installation

Downflow unit installs in three ways: on non-combustible flooring, on combustible flooring using a downflow combustible flooring base, or on a reverse-flow cooling cabinet. Do not drag the unit across the floor.

Installation on Non-Combustible Flooring (FIGURE 7)

- 1 Cut floor opening keeping in mind clearances listed on unit rating plate. Also keep in mind gas supply connections, electrical supply, flue and air intake connections and sufficient installation and servicing clearances. See TABLE 1 for correct floor opening size
- 2 Flange warm air plenum and lower the plenum into the opening.
- 3 Set the unit over the plenum and seal the plenum to the unit.
- 4 Ensure that the seal is adequate.

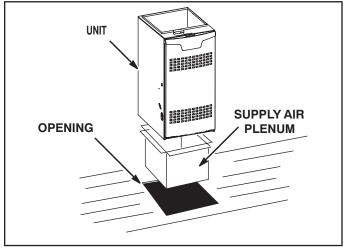


FIGURE 7

TABLE 1
NON-COMBUSTIBLE FLOOR OPENING SIZE

Cabinet	Front t	o Rear	Side to Side			
Width	in	mm	in	mm		
B (17.5")	19-3/4	502	16-1/4	413		
C (21")	19-3/4	502	19-3/4	502		

NOTE - Door opening dimensions listed are 1/4 inch (6 mm) larger than the unit opening. See unit dimensions on page 2.

Installation on Combustible Flooring (FIGURE 8)

1 - When unit is installed on a combustible floor, a downflow combustible flooring base must be installed between the furnace and the floor. The base must be ordered separately. See TABLE 2 for opening size to cut in floor.

A CAUTION

The furnace and downflow combustible flooring base shall not be installed directly on carpeting, tile, or other combustible material other than wood flooring.

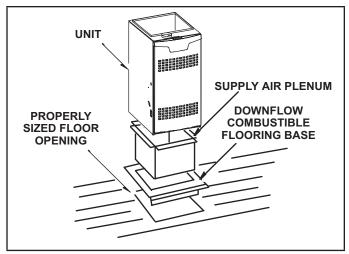


FIGURE 8

TABLE 2
COMBUSTIBLE FLOOR OPENING SIZE

Cabinet	Front t	o Rear	Side to Side		
Width	in	mm	in	mm	
B (17.5")	22	559	18-3/4	476	
C (21")	22	559	22-3/4	578	

- After opening is cut, set combustible flooring base into opening.
- 3 Check sealing strips on combustible flooring base to make sure they are properly glued and positioned.
- 4 Lower supply air plenum into downflow combustible flooring base until plenum flanges seal against the strips.

NOTE - Be careful not to damage sealing strips. Check for a tight seal.

- 5 Set the furnace over the plenum.
- 6 Ensure that the seal between the furnace and plenum is adequate.

Installation on Cooling Cabinet (FIGURE 9)

 Refer to reverse-flow coil installation instructions for correctly sized opening in floor and installation of cabinet.

NOTE - Downflow combustible flooring kit is not used.

- 2 When cooling cabinet is in place, set and secure the furnace according to the instructions that are provided with the cooling coil. Secure the furnace to the cabinet.
- 3 Seal the cabinet and check for air leaks.

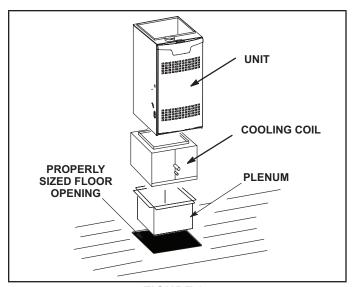


FIGURE 9

Return Air Opening -- Downflow Units

The following steps should be taken when installing plenum:

1 - Bottom edge of plenum should be flanged with a hemmed edge (See FIGURE 10).

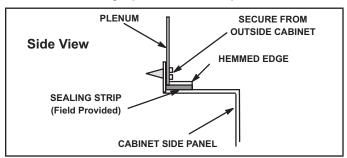


FIGURE 10

- 2 Sealing strip should be used.
- 3 In all cases, plenum should be secured to top flanges of furnace with sheet metal screws.
- 4 In closet installations, it may be impossible to install sheet metal screws from the outside. In this case, make plenum with a removable front and install screws from the inside (See FIGURE 11).
- 5 Make certain that an adequate seal is made.

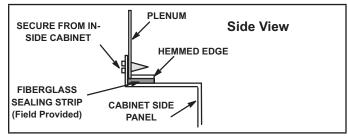


FIGURE 11

Setting Equipment

A WARNING

Do not install the furnace on its front, back or in the horizontal position. See FIGURE 13 Do not connect the return air ducts to the back of the furnace. Doing so will adversely affect the operation of the safety control devices, which could result in personal injury or death.

Install the SL280DFNV gas furnace as shipped in the downflow position only. Do not install the furnace horizontally.

Select a location that allows for the required clearances that are listed on the unit nameplate. Also consider gas supply connections, electrical supply, vent connection, and installation and service clearances [24 inches (610 mm) at unit front]. The unit must be level.

NOTE - Units with 1/2 hp blower motors are equipped with three flexible legs and one rigid leg. See FIGURE 12. The rigid leg is equipped with a shipping bolt and a flat white plastic washer (rather than the rubber mounting grommet used with a flexible mounting leg). **The bolt and washer must be removed before the furnace is placed into operation.** After the bolt and washer have been removed, the rigid leg will not touch the blower housing.

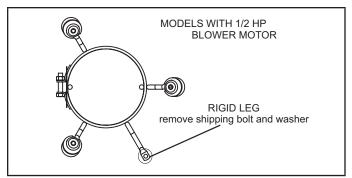


FIGURE 12

A WARNING

The blower access panel must be securely in place when the blower and burners are operating. Gas fumes, which could contain carbon monoxide, can be drawn into living space resulting in personal injury or death.

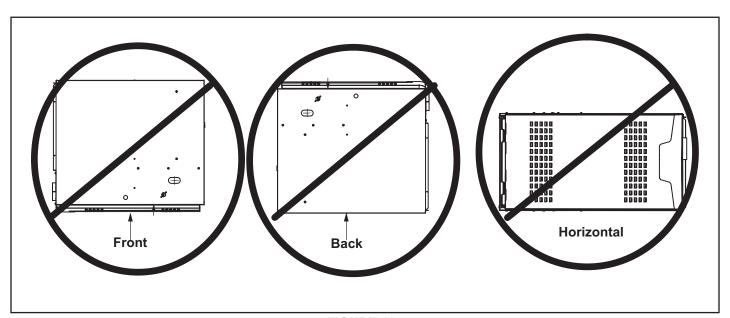
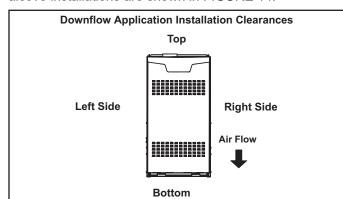


FIGURE 13

Downflow Application

Allow for clearances to combustible materials as indicated on the unit nameplate. Minimum clearances for closet or alcove installations are shown in FIGURE 14.



Type C	Type B1		
1 in. (25 mm)	1 in. (25 mm)		
2-1/4 in. (57 mm)**	2-1/4in. (57 mm)		
1 in (25mm)	1 in (25mm)		
1 in. (25mm)	1 in (25mm		
6 in. (152 mm)	1 in. (25 mm)		
NC††	NC††		
	1 in. (25 mm) 2-1/4 in. (57 mm)** 1 in (25mm) 1 in. (25mm) 6 in. (152 mm)		

*Front clearance in alcove installation must be 24 in. (610 mm). Maintain a minimum of 24 in. (610 mm) for front service access. ** 3-1/4 in. if single wall vent pipe is used.

††The furnace may be installed on a combustible wood floor if an optional additive base is installed between the furnace and the combustible floor.

FIGURE 14

A CAUTION

If this unit is being installed in a space serviced by an exhaust fan, power exhaust fan, or other device which may create a negative pressure in the space, take care when sizing the inlet air opening. The inlet air opening must be sized to accommodate the maximum volume of exhausted air as well as the maximum volume of combustion air required for all gas appliances serviced by this space.

A WARNING

Improper installation of the furnace can result in personal injury or death. Combustion and flue products must never be allowed to enter the return air system or the living space. Use screws and joint tape to seal the return air system to the furnace. In platform installations with bottom return air, the furnace should be sealed airtight to the return air plenum.

A door must never be used as a portion of the return air duct system. The base must provide a stable support and an airtight seal to the furnace. Allow absolutely no sagging, cracks, gaps, etc. The return and supply air duct systems must never be connected to or from other heating devices such as a fireplace or stove, etc. Fire, explosion, carbon monoxide poisoning, personal injury and/or property damage could result.

Filters

This unit is not equipped with a filter or rack. A field-provided high-velocity filter is required for the unit to operate properly. TABLE 3 lists recommended filter sizes. A filter must be in place any time the unit is operating.

▲ IMPORTANT

If a highefficiency filter is being installed as part of this system to ensure better indoor air quality, the filter must be properly sized. Highefficiency filters have a higher static pressure drop than standardefficiency glass/foam filters. If the pressure drop is too great, system capacity and performance may be reduced.

The pressure drop may also cause the limit to trip more frequently during the winter and the indoor coil to freeze in the summer, resulting in an increase in the number of service calls. Before using any filter with this system, check the specifications provided by the filter manufacturer against the data given in the appropriate Lennox Product Specifications bulletin. Additional information is provided in Service and Application Note ACC002 (August 2000).

TABLE 3

Cabinet Width	Return Air Filter Size (inches)
B (17-1/2")C	16 x 25 x 1 (1)
C (21")	20 x 25 x 1 (1)

Duct System

Use industry-approved standards (such as those published by Air Conditioning Contractors of America or American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air Conditioning Engineers) to size and install the supply and return air duct system. This will result in a quiet and low-static system that has uniform air distribution.

NOTE - Do not operate the furnace in the heating mode with an external static pressure that exceeds 0.8 inches w.c. Higher external static pressures may cause erratic limit operation.

Ensure that you have made a seal between the supply air plenum and the furnace and between the furnace and the return air plenum.

Return Air Plenum

Return air must not be drawn from a room where this furnace, or any other gas-fueled appliance (i.e., water heater), or carbon monoxide-producing device (i.e., wood fireplace) is installed. When return air is drawn from a room, a negative pressure is created in the room. If a gas appliance is operating in a room with negative pressure, the flue products can be pulled back down the vent pipe and into the room. This reverse flow of the flue gas may result in incomplete combustion and the formation of carbon monoxide gas. This toxic gas might then be distributed throughout the house by the furnace duct system.

Venting

A 4-inch diameter flue transition is factory-installed on all models. Modifying or removing the flue transition will cause the unit to operate unsafely and will void the unit certification. The vent connector does not require insulation

The SL280DFNV series units are classified as fan-assisted Category I furnaces when vertically vented according to the latest edition of National Fuel Gas Code (NFPA 54 / ANSI Z223.1). A fan-assisted Category I furnace is an appliance equipped with an integral mechanical means to either draw or force combustion products through the combustion chamber and/or heat exchanger.

NOTE - Use these instructions as a guide. They do not supersede local codes. This furnace must be vented according to all local codes, these installation instructions, and the provided venting tables in these instructions.

The venting tables in this manual were extracted from the National Fuel Gas Code (NFPA 54 / ANSI Z223.1) and are provided as a guide for proper vent installation. Proper application, termination, construction and location of vents must conform to local codes having jurisdiction. In the absence of local codes, the NFGC serves as the defining document.

Refer to the tables and the venting information contained in these instructions to properly size and install the venting system.

▲ IMPORTANT

Once the venting system is installed, attach the "Disconnected Vent" warning sticker to a visible area of the plenum near the vent pipe. The warning sticker is provided in the bag assembly. Order kit 66W04 for additional stickers.

WARNING

Asphyxiation hazard. The exhaust vent for this furnace must be securely connected to the furnace flue transition at all times.

Use self-drilling sheet metal screws or a mechanical fastener to firmly secure the vent pipe to the round collar of the flue transition. If self-drilling screws are used to attach the vent pipe, it is recommended that three be used. Drive one self-drilling screw through the front and one through each side of the vent pipe and collar. See FIGURE 15.

Masonry chimneys used to vent Category I central furnaces must be either tile-lined or lined with a listed metal lining system or dedicated gas vent. Unlined masonry chimneys are prohibited. See FIGURE 16 and FIGURE 17 for common venting.

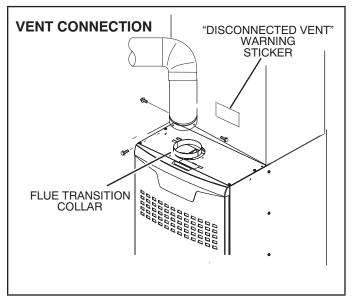


FIGURE 15

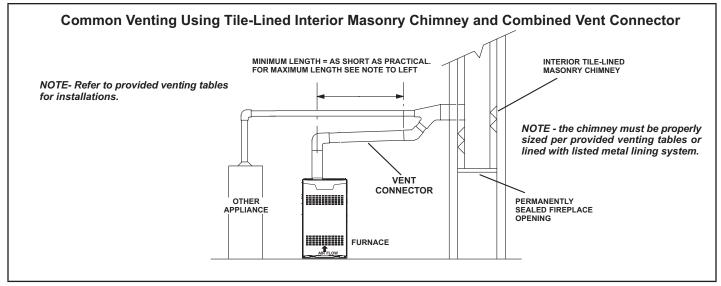


FIGURE 16

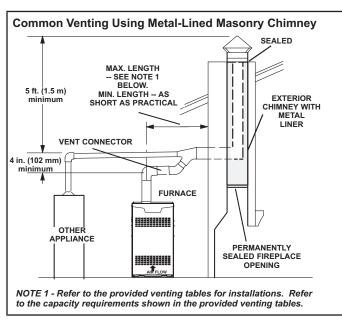


FIGURE 17

Venting Using a Masonry Chimney

The following additional requirements apply when a lined masonry chimney is used to vent this furnace.

A chimney with one or more sides exposed to the outside of the structure is considered to be an exterior chimney.

An exterior masonry chimney that is not tile-lined must be lined with B1 vent or a listed insulated flexible metal vent. An exterior tile-lined chimney that is sealed and capped may be lined with a listed uninsulated flexible metal vent. If the existing chimney will not accommodate a listed metal liner, either the chimney must be rebuilt to accommodate one of these liners or an alternate approved venting method must be found.

Insulation for the flexible vent pipe must be an encapsulated fiberglass sleeve recommended by the flexible vent pipe manufacturer. See FIGURE 17.

DO NOT insulate the space between the liner and the chimney wall with puffed mica or any other loose granular insulating material

▲ IMPORTANT

SINGLE appliance venting of a fan-assisted furnace into a tile-lined masonry chimney (interior or outside wall) is PROHIBITED. The chimney must first be lined with either type B1 vent or an insulated single wall flexible vent lining system which has been sized according to the provided venting tables and the vent pipe manufacturer's instructions.

A fan-assisted furnace may be commonly vented into an existing lined masonry chimney if the following conditions are met:

- The chimney is currently serving at least one drafthood equipped appliance
- The vent connectors and chimney are sized according to the provided venting tables.

If type B1 double-wall vent is used inside a chimney, no other appliance can be vented into the chimney. The outer wall of type B1 vent pipe must not be exposed to flue products.

A type B1 vent or masonry chimney liner shall terminate above the roof surface with a listed cap or a listed roof assembly according to the terms of their respective listings and the vent manufacturer's instructions.

When inspection reveals that an existing chimney is not safe for the intended purpose, it shall be rebuilt to conform to nationally recognized standards, lined or relined with suitable materials, or replaced with a gas vent or chimney suitable for venting SL280DFNV series units. The chimney passageway must be checked periodically to ensure that it is clear and free of obstructions.

Do not install a manual damper, barometric draft regulator, or flue restrictor between the furnace and the chimney.

Never connect a Category I appliance to a chimney that is servicing a solid-fuel appliance. If a fireplace chimney flue is used to vent this appliance, the fireplace opening must be permanently sealed.

A type B or listed chimney lining system that passes through an unused masonry chimney flue is not considered to be exposed to the outdoors.

General Venting Requirements

Vent all SL280DFNV furnaces according to these instructions:

- Vent diameter recommendations and maximum allowable piping runs are found in the provided venting tables.
- 2 In no case should the vent or vent connector diameter be less than the diameter specified in the provided venting tables.
- 3 The minimum vent capacity determined by the sizing tables must be less than the low fire input rating and the maximum vent capacity must be greater than the high fire input rating.
- 4 -Single appliance vents If the vertical vent or tile-lined chimney has a larger diameter or flow area than the vent connector, use the vertical vent diameter to determine the minimum vent capacity and the vent connector diameter to determine the maximum vent capacity. The flow area of the vertical vent, however, shall not exceed 7 times the flow area of the listed appliance categorized vent area, drafthood outlet area or flue collar area unless designed according to approved engineering methods.
- 5 Multiple appliance vents The flow area of the largest section of vertical vent or chimney shall not exceed 7 times the smallest listed appliance categorized vent area, drafthood outlet area or flue collar area unless designed according to approved engineering methods.
- 6 The entire length of single wall metal vent connector shall be readily accessible for inspection, cleaning, and replacement.
- 7 -Single appliance venting configurations with zero lateral lengths (TABLE 5) are assumed to have no elbows in the vent system. For all other vent configurations, the vent system is assumed to have two 90° elbows. For each additional 90° elbow or equivalent (for example two 45° elbows equal one 90° elbow) beyond two, the maximum capacity listed in the venting table should be reduced by 10% (0.90 x maximum listed capacity).
- 8 The common venting tables (TABLE 6 and TABLE 7) were generated using a maximum horizontal vent connector length of 1-1/2 feet (.46 m) for each inch (25 mm) of connector diameter as follows:

TABLE 4

Connector Diameter inches	Maximum Horizontal Connector Length feet
3	4-1/2
4	6
5	7-1/2
6	9
7	10-1/2

- 9 If the common vertical vent is offset, the maximum common vent capacity listed in the common venting tables should be reduced by 20%, the equivalent of two 90° elbows (0.80 x maximum common vent capacity). The horizontal length of the offset shall not exceed 1-1/2 feet (.46 m) for each inch (25 mm) of common vent diameter.
- 10 The vent pipe should be as short as possible with the least number of elbows and angles required to complete the job. Route the vent connector to the vent using the shortest possible route.
- 11 A vent connector shall be supported without any dips or sags and shall slope a minimum of 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) per linear foot (305 mm) of connector, back toward the appliance.
- 12 Vent connectors shall be firmly attached to the furnace flue collar by self-drilling screws or other approved means, except vent connectors of listed type B vent material which shall be assembled according to the manufacturer's instructions. Joints between sections of single wall connector piping shall be fastened by screws or other approved means.
- 13 When the vent connector used for Category I appliances must be located in or pass through a crawlspace or other areas which may be cold, that portion of the vent connector shall be constructed of listed double-wall type B vent material or material having equivalent insulation qualities.
- 14 All venting pipe passing through floors, walls, and ceilings must be installed with the listed clearance to combustible materials and be fire stopped according to local codes. In absence of local codes, refer to NFGC (Z223.1).
- 15 No portion of the venting system can extend into, or pass through any circulation air duct or plenum.
- 16 Vent connectors serving Category I appliances shall not be connected to any portion of mechanical draft systems operating under positive pressure such as Category III or IV venting systems.
- 17 If vent connectors are combined prior to entering the common vent, the maximum common vent capacity listed in the common venting tables must be reduced by 10%, the equivalent of one 90° elbow (0.90 x maximum common vent capacity).
- 18 The common vent diameter must always be at least as large as the largest vent connector diameter

- 19 In no case, shall the vent connector be sized more than two consecutive table size diameters over the size of the draft hood outlet or flue collar outlet.
- 20 Do not install a manual damper, barometric draft regulator or flue restrictor between the furnace and the chimney.
- 21 When connecting this appliance to an existing dedicated or common venting system, you must inspect the venting system's general condition and look for signs of corrosion. The existing vent pipe size must conform to these instructions and the provided venting tables. If the existing venting system does not meet these requirements, it must be resized.

TABLE 5

		Canacity o	f Tyne B Doul	ole-Wall Vent	s with Type B	Double-Wall (Connectors			
		Capacity C			ategory I App		501111001010			
			OCIVII		d Connector		(inches)			
Height	Lateral	3 ii	nch		nch		nch	6 inch		
н	L	<u> </u>			out Rating in 1			!	1011	
(feet)	(feet)	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
	0	0	78	0	152	0	251	0	375	
	2	13	51	18	97	27	157	32	232	
6	4	21	49	30	94	39	153	50	227	
	6	25	46	36	91	47	149	59	223	
	0	0	84	0	165	0	276	0	415	
	2	12	57	16	109	25	178	28	263	
8	5	23	53	32	103	42	171	53	255	
	8	28	49	39	98	51	164	64	247	
	0	0	88	0	175	0	295	0	447	
10	2	12	61	17	118	23	194	26	289	
10	5	23	57	32	113	41	187	52	280	
	10	30	51	41	104	54	176	67	267	
	0	0	94	0	191	0	327	0	502	
	2	11	69	15	136	20	226	22	339	
15	5	22	65	30	130	39	219	49	330	
	10	29	59	40	121	51	206	64	315	
	15	35	53	48	112	61	195	76	301	
	0	0	97	0	202	0	349	0	540	
	2	10	75	14	149	18	250	20	377	
20	5	21	71	29	143	38	242	47	367	
	10	28	64	38	133	50	229	62	351	
	15	34	58	46	124	59	217	73	337	
	20	48	52	55	116	69	206	84	322	
	0	0	100	0	213	0	374	0	587	
	2	9	81	13	166	14	283	18	432	
	5	21	77	28	160	36	275	45	421	
30	10	27	70	37	150	48	262	59	405	
	15	33	64	44	141	57	249	70	389	
	20	56	58	53	132	66	237	80	374	
	30	NA	NA	73	113	88	214	104	346	

NOTE - Single appliance venting configurations with zero lateral lengths are assumed to have no elbows in the vent system. For all other vent configurations, the vent system is assumed to have two 90° elbows. For each additional 90° elbow or equivalent (for example two 45° elbows equal one 90° elbow) beyond two, the maximum capacity listed in the venting table should be reduced by 10 percent (0.90 x maximum listed capacity).

TABLE 6

Vent Connector Capacity

Type B Double-Wall Vents with Type B Double-Wall Connectors

Serving Two or More Category I Appliances

		Vent and Connector Diameter - D (inches)									
Height	Lateral	3 ii	nch	4 i	nch	5 ii	nch	6 ii	nch		
H (feet)	L (fact)			Appliance I	nput Rating in ⁻	Γhousands of Β	tu Per Hour				
(IEEL)	(feet)	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
	1	22	37	35	66	46	106	58	164		
6	2	23	41	37	75	48	121	60	183		
	3	24	44	38	81	49	132	62	199		
	1	22	40	35	72	49	114	64	176		
8	2	23	44	36	80	51	128	66	195		
	3	24	47	37	87	53	139	67	210		
	1	22	43	34	78	49	123	65	189		
10	2	23	47	36	86	51	136	67	206		
	3	24	50	37	92	52	146	69	220		
	1	21	50	33	89	47	142	64	220		
15	2	22	53	35	96	49	153	66	235		
	3	24	55	36	102	51	163	68	248		
	1	21	54	33	99	46	157	62	246		
20	2	2	57	34	105	48	167	64	259		
	3	23	60	35	110	50	176	66	271		
	1	20	62	31	113	45	181	60	288		
30	2	21	64	33	118	47	190	62	299		
	3	22	66	34	123	48	198	64	309		

TABLE 7

Common Vent Capacity

Type B Double-Wall Vents with Type B Double-Wall Connectors Serving Two or More Category I Appliances

					, ,,,					
Vent	Vent and Connector Diameter - D (inches)									
Height	4 ir	nch	5 inch		7 inch		7 inch			
Н	Appliance Input Rating in Thousands of Btu Per Hour									
(feet)	FAN + FAN	FAN + NAT	FAN + FAN	FAN + NAT	FAN + FAN	FAN + NAT	FAN + FAN	FAN + NAT		
6	92	81	140	116	204	161	309	248		
8	101	90	155	129	224	178	339	275		
10	110	97	169	141	243	194	367	299		
15	125	112	195	164	283	228	427	352		
20	136	123	215	183	314	255	475	394		
30	152	138	244	210	361	297	547	459		

Removal of the Furnace from Common Vent

In the event that an existing furnace is removed from a venting system commonly run with separate gas appliances, the venting system is likely to be too large to properly vent the remaining attached appliances.

Conduct the following test while each appliance is operating and the other appliances (which are not operating) remain connected to the common venting system. If the venting system has been installed improperly, you must correct the system as indicated in the general venting requirements section.

A WARNING

CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING HAZARD

Failure to follow the steps outlined below for each appliance connected to the venting system being placed into operation could result in carbon monoxide poisoning or death.

The following steps shall be followed for each appliance connected to the venting system being placed into operation, while all other appliances connected to the venting system are not in operation:

- Seal any unused openings in the common venting system.
- 2 Inspect the venting system for proper size and horizontal pitch. Determine that there is no blockage, restriction, leakage, corrosion, or other deficiencies which could cause an unsafe condition.
- 3 Close all building doors and windows and all doors between the space in which the appliances remaining connected to the common venting system are located and other spaces of the building. Turn on clothes dryers and any appliances not connected to the common venting system. Turn on any exhaust fans, such as range hoods and bathroom exhausts, so they will operate at maximum speed. Do not operate a summer exhaust fan. Close fireplace dampers.
- 4 Follow the lighting instructions. Turn on the appliance that is being inspected. Adjust the thermostat so that the appliance operates continuously.
- 5 After the main burner has operated for 5 minutes, test for leaks of flue gases at the draft hood relief opening. Use the flame of a match or candle, or smoke from a cigarette, cigar, or pipe.
- 6 After determining that each appliance connected to the common venting system is venting properly, (step 3) return all doors, widows, exhaust fans, fireplace dampers, and any other gas-burning appliances to their previous mode of operation.
- 7 If a venting problem is found during any of the preceding tests, the common venting system must be modified to correct the problem.

Resize the common venting system to the minimum vent pipe size determined by using the appropriate tables in Appendix G. (These are in the current standards of the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1.

Gas Piping

A CAUTION

If a flexible gas connector is required or allowed by the authority that has jurisdiction, black iron pipe shall be installed at the gas valve and extend outside the furnace cabinet. The flexible connector can then be added between the black iron pipe and the gas supply line.

A WARNING

Do not over torque (800 in-lbs) or under torque (350 in-lbs) when attaching the gas piping to the gas valve.

Gas Supply

- 1 This unit is shipped standard for left or right side installation of gas piping. Connect the gas supply piping into the gas valve. The maximum torque is 800 in lbs and minimum torque is 350 in lbs when attaching the gas piping to the gas valve.
- 2 When connecting the gas supply piping, consider factors such as length of run, number of fittings, and furnace rating to avoid excessive pressure drop. TABLE 8 lists recommended pipe sizes for typical applications.
- 3 The gas piping must not run in or through air ducts, clothes chutes, gas vents or chimneys, dumb waiters, or elevator shafts.
- 4 The piping should be sloped 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) per 15 feet (4.57 m) upward toward the meter from the furnace. The piping must be supported at proper intervals [every 8 to 10 feet (2.44 to 3.01 m)] with suitable hangers or straps. Install a drip leg inside vertical pipe runs to the unit.
- 5 A 1/8" N.P.T. plugged tap or pressure post is located on the gas valve to facilitate test gauge connection. See FIGURE 26.
- 6 In some localities, codes may require the installation of a manual main shut-off valve and union (furnished by the installer) external to the unit. The union must be of the ground joint type.

▲ IMPORTANT

Compounds used on threaded joints of gas piping must be resistant to the actions of liquified petroleum gases.

TABLE 8

	Gas Pipe Capacity - ft3/hr (m3/hr)										
Nominal	Internal	ternal Length of Pipe - feet (m)									
Iron Pipe Size Inches (mm)	Diameter inches (mm)	10 (3.048)	20 (6.096)	30 (9,144)	40 (12,192)	50 (15.240)	60 (18.288)	70 (21.336)	80 (24.384)	90 (27.432)	100 (30,480)
1/2	.622	172	118	95	81	72	65	60	56	52	50
(12.7)	(17.799)	(4.87)	(3.34)	(2.69)	(2.29)	(2.03)	(1.84)	(1.69)	(1.58)	(1.47)	(1.42)
3/4	.824	360	247	199	170	151	137	126	117	110	104
(19.05)	(20.930)	(10.19)	(7.000)	(5.63)	(4.81)	(4.23)	(3.87)	(3.56)	(3.31)	(3.11)	(2.94)
1	1.049	678	466	374	320	284	257	237	220	207	195
(25.4)	(26.645)	(19.19)	(13.19)	(10.59)	(9.06)	(8.04)	(7.27)	(6.71)	(6.23)	(5.86)	(5.52)
1-1/4	1.380	1350	957	768	657	583	528	486	452	424	400
(31.75)	(35.052)	(38.22)	(27.09)	(22.25)	(18.60)	(16.50)	(14.95)	(13.76)	(12.79)	(12.00)	(11.33)
1-1/2	1.610	2090	1430	1150	985	873	791	728	677	635	600
(38.1)	(40.894)	(59.18)	(40.49)	(32.56)	(27.89)	(24.72)	(22.39)	(20.61)	(19.17)	(17.98)	(17.00)
2	2.067	4020	2760	2220	1900	1680	1520	1400	1300	1220	1160
(50.8)	(52.502)	(113.83)	(78.15)	(62.86)	(53.80)	(47.57)	(43.04)	(39.64)	(36.81)	(34.55)	(32.844)
2-1/2	2.469	6400	4400	3530	3020	2680	2480	2230	2080	1950	1840
(63.5)	(67.713)	(181.22)	(124.59)	(99.95)	(85.51)	(75.88)	(70.22)	(63.14)	(58.89)	(55.22)	(52.10)
3	3.068	11300	7780	6250	5350	4740	4290	3950	3670	3450	3260
(76.2)	(77.927)	(319.98)	(220.30)	(176.98)	(151.49)	(134.22)	(121.47)	(111.85)	(103.92)	(97.69)	(92.31)

NOTE - Capacity given in cubic feet (m3) of gas per hour and based on 0.60 specific gravity gas.

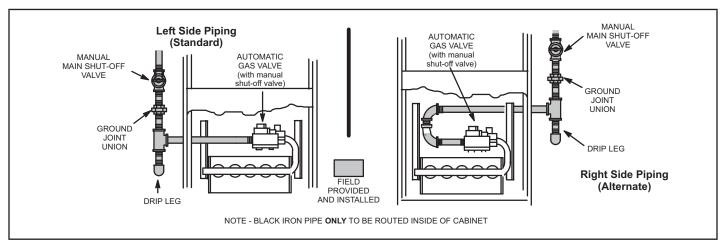


Figure 18

Leak Check

After gas piping is completed, carefully check all field-installed piping connections for gas leaks. Use a commercially available leak detecting solution specifically manufactured for leak detection. Never use an open flame to test for gas leaks

NOTE - If emergency shutoff is necessary, shut off the main manual gas valve and disconnect the main power to the furnace. The installer should properly label these devices.

A CAUTION

Some soaps used for leak detection are corrosive to certain metals. Carefully rinse piping thoroughly after leak test has been completed. Do not use matches, candles, flame or other sources of ignition to check for gas leaks.

The furnace must be isolated from the gas supply system by closing the individual manual shut-off valve during any gas supply system at pressures greater than or equal to ½ psig. (3.48 kPa, 14 inches w.c.). This furnace and its components are designed, manufactured and independently certified to comply with all applicable ANSI/CSA standards. A leak check of the furnace and its components is not required

▲ IMPORTANT

When testing pressure of gas lines, gas valve must be disconnected and isolated. See FIGURE 19. Gas valves can be damaged if subjected to pressures greater than 1/2 psig (3.48 kPa, 14 inches w.c.).

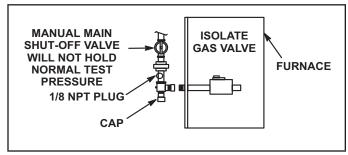


FIGURE 19

Electrical

ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD)
Precautions and Procedures

CAUTION



Electrostatic discharge can affect electronic components. Take precautions to neutralize electrostatic charge by touching your hand and tools to metal prior to handling the control.

A WARNING



Electric Shock Hazard. Can cause injury or death. Unit must be properly grounded in accordance with national and local codes.

WARNING

Fire Hazard. Use of aluminum wire with this product may result in a fire, causing property damage, severe injury or death. Use copper wire only with this product.

▲ CAUTION

Failure to use properly sized wiring and circuit breaker may result in property damage. Size wiring and circuit breaker(s) per Product Specifications bulletin (EHB) and unit rating plate.

A IMPORTANT

When matching this gas furnace with zoning, defrost tempering stat or other 24V accessories, It is recommended to replace the factory installed transformer with kit 27J32.

Kit 27J32 contains a 75VA transformer, so you do not overload the original 40VA transformer.

The unit is equipped with a field make-up box on the left hand side of the cabinet. The make-up box may be moved to the right side of the furnace to facilitate installation. If the make-up box is moved to the right hand side, clip the wire ties that bundle the wires together. Secure the excess wire to the existing harness to protect it from damage.

See FIGURE 21, FIGURE 22 and FIGURE 23 for thermostat wiring in communicating applications. TABLE 10 shows DIP switch and onboard link settings for non-communicating thermostat applications. Typical wiring schematic is shown in FIGURE 24.

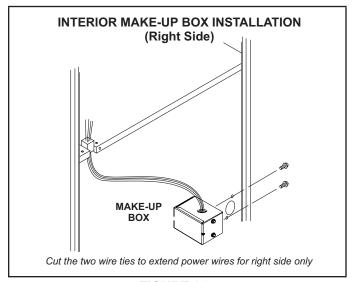


FIGURE 20

1 - The power supply wiring must meet Class I restrictions. Protected by either a fuse or circuit breaker, select circuit protection and wire size according to unit nameplate.

NOTE - Unit nameplate states maximum current draw. Maximum over-current protection allowed is shown in TA-BLE 9.

TABLE 9

SL280DF MODEL	Maximum Over-Current Protection (Amps)
060NV36B	15
080NV60C	20

- 2 Holes are on both sides of the furnace cabinet to facilitate wiring.
- 3 Install a separate (properly sized) disconnect switch near the furnace so that power can be turned off for servicing.

- 4 Before connecting the thermostat or the power wiring, check to make sure the wires will be long enough for servicing at a later date. Remove the blower access panel to check the length of the wire.
- 5 Complete the wiring connections to the equipment. Use the provided unit wiring diagram and the field wiring diagrams shown in TABLE 10 and FIGURE 24. Use 18-gauge wire or larger that is suitable for Class II rating for thermostat connections.
- 6 Electrically ground the unit according to local codes or, in the absence of local codes, according to the current National Electric Code (ANSI/NFPA No. 70). A green ground wire is provided in the field make-up box.

NOTE - The SL280DFNV furnace contains electronic components that are polarity sensitive. Make sure that the furnace is wired correctly and is properly grounded.

- 7 One line voltage "ACC" 1/4" spade terminal is provided on the furnace integrated control. Any electronic air cleaner or other accessory rated up to one amp can be connected to this terminal with the neutral leg of the circuit being connected to the one of the provided neutral terminals. See figure 25 for control configuration. This terminal is energized when the indoor blower is operating.
- 8 An unpowered, normally open (dry) set of contacts with a 1/4" spade terminal "HUM" are provided for humidifier connections and may be connected to 24V or 120V. Any humidifier rated up to one amp can be connected to these terminals. In 120V humidifier applications the neutral leg of the circuit can be connected to one of the provided neutral terminals. This terminal is energized in the heating mode.
- 9 Install the room thermostat according to the instructions provided with the thermostat. See table 10 for field wiring connections in varying applications. If the furnace is being matched with a heat pump, refer to the instruction packaged with the dual fuel thermostat.

Thermostat Selection

A NOTICE

Field wiring for both communicating and noncommunicating applications is illustrated in diagrams, which begin on the next page.

Non-Communicating

In non-communicating applications the SL280DFNV is designed to operate in a SINGLE-STAGE mode or TWOSTAGE mode using a conventional thermostat.

For optimal performance in non-communicating applications, Lennox recommends use of a ComfortSense® 7500 high quality electronic digital thermostat or any other with adjustable settings for 1st stage / 2nd stage on / off differentials and adjustable stage timers.

Lennox recommends the following two-stage thermostat settings:

First heat stage differential set to 1/2 to 1 degree F; second heat stage differential set to 1/2 or 1 degree F; second heat stage upstage timer disabled, or set to maximum (1 hr minimum).

Communicating

In communicating applications a communicating thermostat must be used. Refer to the instructions provided with the thermostat for installation, set-up and operation. In communicating system all unused thermostat wire in the wire bundle needs to be terminated inside and out. The extra wires can terminate on the 'C" terminal of the communication terminal strip. (RSBus). Using an additional wire come off "C" terminal and wire nut all the extra wires together. Termination on the outdoor control must match the indoor control.

Indoor Blower Speeds

Non-Communicating

- 1 When the thermostat is set to "FAN ON," the indoor blower will run continuously at a field selectable percentage of the second-stage cooling speed when there is no cooling or heating demand. The factory default is setting is 38% of cool speeds. See table 23 for allowable circulation speeds.
- 2 When the SL280DFNV is running in the heating mode, the indoor blower will run on the heating speed designated by the positions of DIP switches 11, 12 and 13. First stage heating will run at 91% heat speed.
- 3 When there is a cooling demand, the indoor blower will run on the cooling speed designated by the positions of DIP switches 5 and 6. First stage cooling will run at 70% cool speed.

Communicating

NOTE - When the SL280DFNV is used with a communicating thermostat, proper indoor blower speed selections are made by the thermostat.

- When the thermostat is set to "FAN ON," the indoor blower will run at setting determined during system configuration. See TABLE 23 allowable circulation speeds.
- 2 When there is a heating demand the fan will run on heating speeds for firing rate.
- 3 When there is a cooling demand, the fan will run on the first stage and second stage cooling speed set using the thermostat in the installer setup mode. The factory default is based upon 400 CFM a ton.

Generator Use - Voltage Requirements

The following requirements must be kept in mind when specifying a generator for use with this equipment:

- The furnace requires 120 volts (Range: 102 volts to 132 volts)
- The furnace operates at 60 Hz + 5% (Range: 57 Hz to 63 Hz)
- The furnace integrated control requires both correct polarity and proper ground. Both polarity and proper grounding should be checked before attempting to operate the furnace on either permanent or temporary power
- Generator should have a wave form distortion of less than 5% THD (total harmonic distortion)

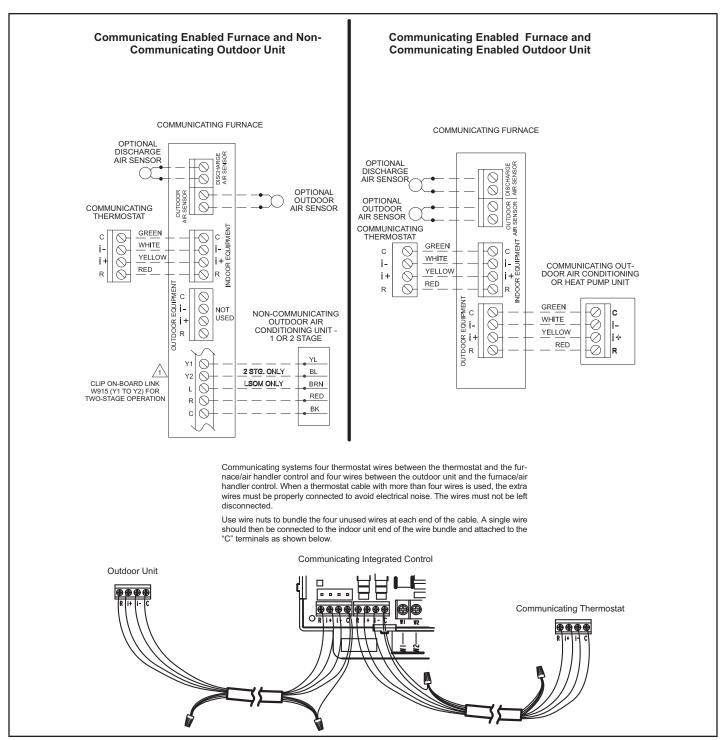


FIGURE 21

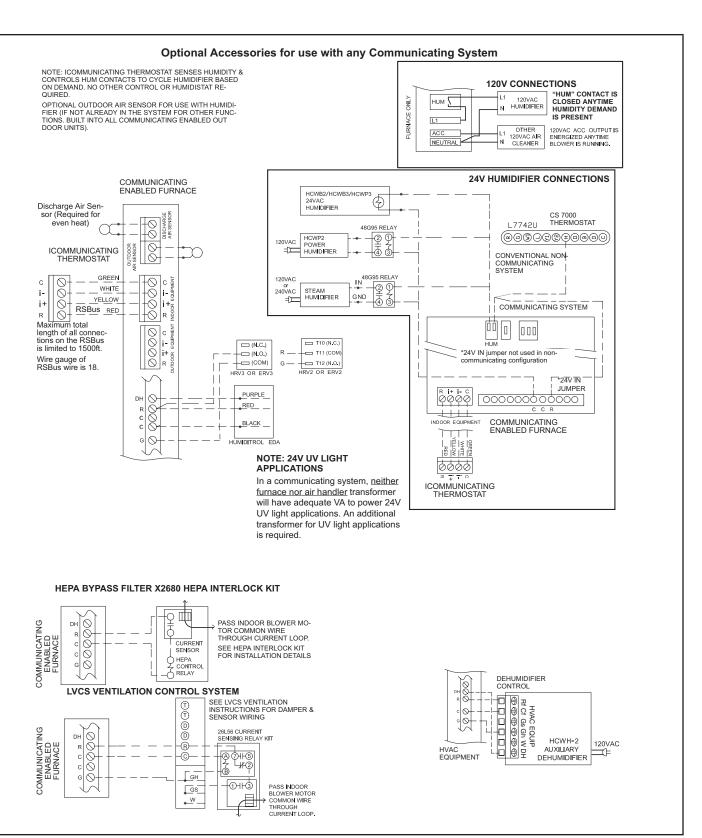


FIGURE 22

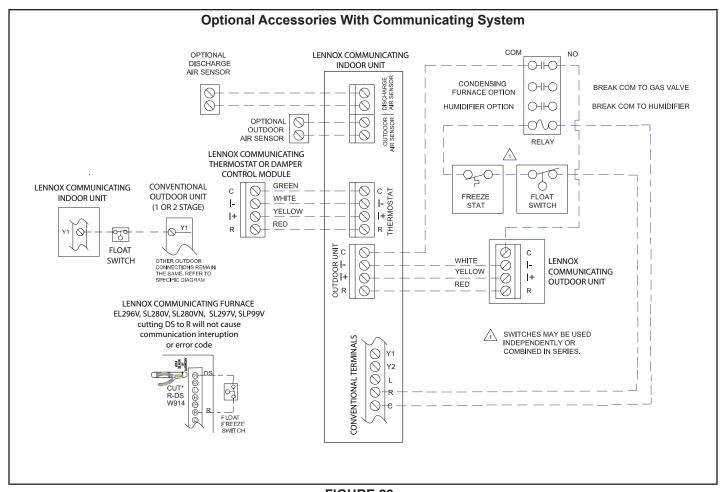


FIGURE 23

TABLE 10
SL280 Field Wiring Applications With Conventional Thermostat

	DIP	Switch Settings and On-Board Links	
Thermostat	DIP Switch 1 Thermostat Heating Stages	On Board Links Must Be Cut To Select System Options	Wiring Connections
1 Heat / 1 Cool NOTE - Use DIP switch 2 to set second-stage heat ON delay. OFF-7 minutes. ON-12 minutes.	ON	DO NOT CUT ANY ON-BOARD LINKS CUT FOR SELECTION 2 STATE 2 COMPR 4 951 FOM HARMONY THE HUM HARMONY	\$1 FURNACE OUTDOOR TERM. STRIP UNIT 689 (W2) (W2) (W1)(W1) (R
1 Heat / 2 Cool NOTE - Use DIP switch 2 to set second-stage heat ON delay. OFF-7 minutes. ON-12 minutes.	ON	CUT FOR SELECTION SELECTION SELECTION W915 2 V915 PDAP W915 2 STAGE COMPR THE HUM HARMONY THE HUM HARMONY	\$1 FURNACE TERM. STRIP UNIT (DS) (W)
1 Heat / 2 Cool with t'stat with humidity control NOTE - Use DIP switch 2 to set second-stage heat ON delay. OFF-7 minutes. ON-12 minutes.	ON	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W915 2 STAGE COMPR SELECTION	\$1 FURNACE OUTDOOR TERM. STRIP UNIT

^{*} Not required on all units.

TABLE 10 Continued SL280 Field Wiring Applications With Conventional Thermostat

	DIP	Switch Settings and On-Board Links	
Thermostat	DIP Switch 1 Thermostat Heating Stages	On Board Links Must Be Cut To Select System Options	Wiring Connections
2 Heat / 2 Cool	OFF	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W915 2 STAGE COMPR CUT FOR SELECTION 2 V915 2 CDMAR V951 FDAP DERIM HARMDNY THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	\$1 FURNACE TERM. STRIP UNIT 68 69 69 69 60 60 60 60 60 60 60
2 Heat / 2 Cool with t'stat with humidity control	OFF	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W915 2 STAGE COMPR CUT FOR SELECTION 2 STAGE COMPR CUT ON-BOARD LINK W914 DEHUM OR HARMONY (1) (1) (1) (1)	\$1 FURNACE OUTDOOR TERM. STRIP UNIT
2 Heat / 1 Cool with t'stat with humidity control	OFF	CUT FIR SELECTION SELECTIO	\$1 FURNACE OUTDOOR TERM. STRIP OUNIT (B)
2 Heat / 1 Cool * Not required on all un	OFF #s	DO NOT CUT ANY ON-BOARD LINKS CUT FOR SELECTION SELECTION 2915 2 STARE COMPANY 1915 1914 1914 1914 1914 1914 1914 1914	\$1 FURNACE OUTDOOR TERM. STRIP UNIT (68) (W2

TABLE 10 Continued SL280 Field Wiring Applications With Conventional Thermostat

	DIP Swi	tch Settings and On-Board Links	
Thermostat	DIP Switch 1 Thermostat Heating Stages	On Board Links Must Be Cut To Select System Options	Wiring Connections
Dual Fuel Single Stage Heat Pump ComfortSense thermostat w/ dual fuel capa- bilities Capable of 2 stage gas heat control	OFF	CUT FOR OPTION SELECTION S	T'STAT FURNACE TERM. STRIP R R R H W2 W2 67M41* W
Dual Fuel Two Stage Heat Pump ComfortSense thermostat w/ dual fuel capa- bilities Capable of 2 stage gas heat control	OFF	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W915 2 STAGE COMPR CUT FOR PUTION V915 2 STAGE COMPR CUT ON-BOARD LINK W951 HEAT PUMP THE TORRES W915 PUMP W951 HEAT PUMP	T'STAT FURNACE TERM. STRIP HEAT PUMP R R R H W2 W2 67M41* W 0 0 L 0 0 L

^{*} Connect W1 to W1 ONLY if using defrost tempering kit 67M41

NOTE - **Do NOT** make a wire connection between the room thermostat L terminal and the L terminal of the furnace integrated control.

TABLE 10 Continued SL280 Field Wiring Applications With Conventional Thermostat

	DIP Swi	tch Settings and On-Board Links	
Thermostat	DIP Switch 1 Thermostat Heating Stages	On Board Links Must Be Cut To Select System Options	Wiring Connections
Dual Fuel Single Stage Heat Pump ComfortSense thermostat w/ dual fuel capabilities Capable of 2 stage gas heat control w/dehu- midification control	OFF	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W951 HEAT PUMP CUT ON-BOARD LINK W914 DEHUM OR HARMONY CUT ON-BOARD LINK W914 DEHUM OR HARMONY	T'STAT FURNACE TERM. STRIP HEAT PUMP R R R H W2 W2 67M41* W W 67M41* W 0 L 0 L 0 D 6 B
Dual Fuel Two Stage Heat Pump ComfortSense thermostat w/ dual fuel capa- bilities Capable of 2 stage gas heat control w/dehu- midification	OFF	CUT ON-BOARD LINK W915 2 STAGE COMPR CUT ON-BOARD LINK W951 HEAT PUMP CUT ON-BOARD LINK W914 DEHUM OR HARMONY	T'STAT FURNACE TERM. STRIP HEAT PUMP R R - R - R H W2 W2 67M41* W W3 67M41* W W3 67M41* W W4 67M41*

^{*} Connect W1 to W1 ONLY if using defrost tempering kit 67M41

NOTE - **Do NOT** make a wire connection between the room thermostat L terminal and the L terminal of the furnace integrated control.

SL280DFNV Schematic Wiring Diagram

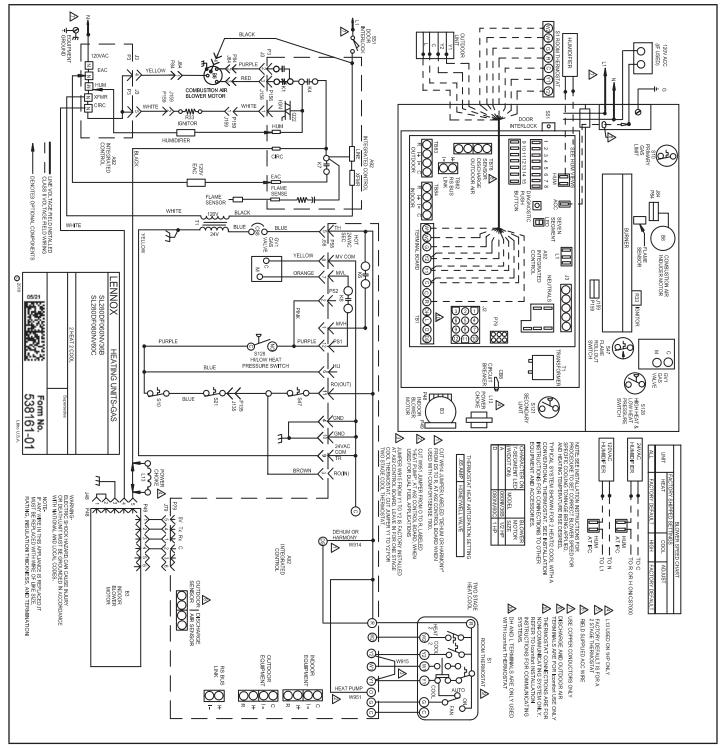


FIGURE 24

Integrated Control

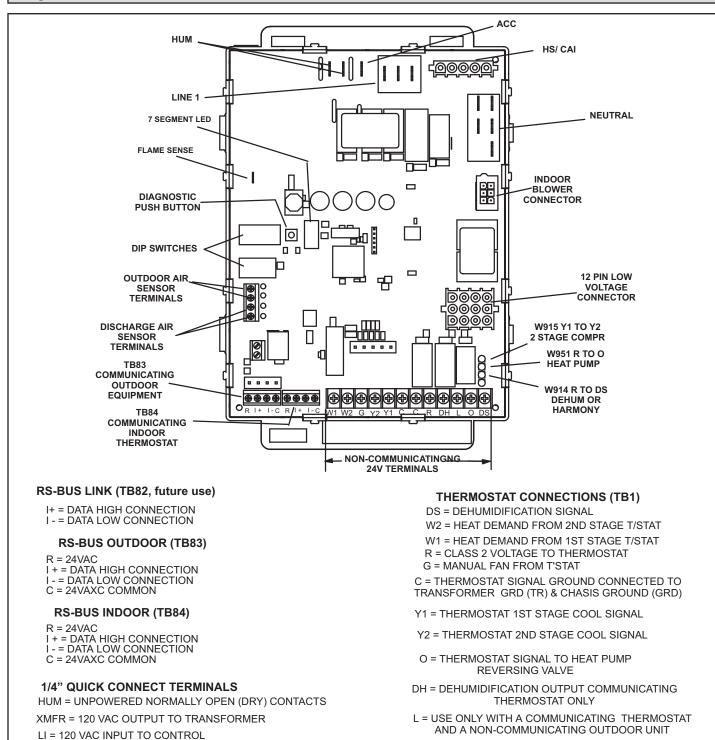


FIGURE 25

ACC = 120 VAC OUTPUT TO OPTIONAL ACCESSORY

NEUTRALS = 120 VAC NEUTRAL

Integrated Control DIP Switch Settings Conventional Thermostat (non-communicating)

SL280DFNV units are equipped with a two-stage, variable speed integrated control. This control manages ignition timing, heating mode fan off delays and indoor blower speeds based on selections made using the control dip switches and jumpers. The control includes an internal watchguard feature which automatically resets the ignition control when it has been locked out. After one hour of continuous thermostat demand for heat, the watchguard will break and remake thermostat demand to the furnace and automatically reset the control to relight the furnace.

Note: All icomfort settings are set at the icomfort Touch® thermostat. See icomfort installation instruction. In icomfort communication system all DIP switch and clippable link settings are ignored. For conventional thermostats proceed with DIP switch and clippable link settings as outlined in the following.

Heating Operation DIP Switch Settings

Switch 1 -- Thermostat Selection -- This unit may be used with either a single-stage or two-stage thermostat. The thermostat selection is made using a DIP switch which must be properly positioned for the particular application. The DIP switch is factory-positioned for use with a twostage thermostat. If a single-stage thermostat is to be used, the DIP switch must be repositioned.

- Select "OFF" for two-stage heating operation controlled by a two-stage heating thermostat (factory setting);
- Select "ON" for two-stage heating operation controlled by a single-stage heating thermostat. This setting provides a timed delay before second-stage heat is initiated.

Switch 2 -- Second Stage Delay (Used with Single-Stage Thermostat Only) -- This switch is used to determine the second stage on delay when a single-stage thermostat is being used. The switch is factory-set in the OFF position, which provides a 7-minute delay before secondstage heat is initiated. If the switch is toggled to the ON position, it will provide a 12-minute delay before secondstage heat is initiated. This switch is only activated when the thermostat selector jumper is positioned for SIN-GLEstage thermostat use.

Switches 3 and 4 -- Blower-Off Delay -- The blower-on delay of 30 seconds is not adjustable. The blower-off delay (time that the blower operates after the heating demand has been satisfied) can be adjusted by moving switches 3 and 4 on the integrated control. The unit is shipped from the factory with a blower-off delay of 90 seconds. The blower off delay affects comfort and is adjustable to satisfy individual applications. Adjust the blower off delay to achieve a supply air temperature between 90° and 110°F at the exact moment that the blower is de-energized.Longer off delay settings provide lower supply air temperatures; shorter settings provide higher supply air temperatures. TABLE 11 provides the blower off timings that will result from different switch settings.

TABLE 11
Blower Off Delay Switch Settings

Blower Off Delay (Seconds)	Switch 3	Switch 4
60	On	Off
90 (factory)	Off	Off
120	Off	Off
180	On	Off

Indoor Blower Operation DIP Switch Settings Switches 5 and 6 -- Cooling Mode Blower Speed -- The unit is shipped from the factory with the dip switches positioned for high speed (4) indoor blower motor operation during the cooling mode. TABLE 12 provides the cooling mode blower speeds that will result from different switch settings. Switches 5 and 6 set the blower cfm for secondstage cool. The integrated control automatically ramps down to 70% of the second-stage cfm for first-stage cfm. Refer to tables for corresponding cfm values.

TABLE 12
Cooling Mode Blower Speeds

Speed	Switch 5	Switch 6
Low	On	On
Medium Low	Off	On
Medium High	On	Off
High (Factory)	Off	Off

Switches 7 and 8 -- Cooling Blower Speed Adjustment The unit is shipped from the factory with the dip switches positioned for NORMAL (no) adjustment. The dip switches may be positioned to adjust the blower speed by +10% or -10% to better suit the application. TABLE 13 below provides blower speed adjustments that will result from different switch settings. Refer to tables for corresponding cfm values.

TABLE 13
Cooling Blower Speed Adjustment

Adjustment	Switch 7	Switch 8
+10% (approx.)	On	Off
Factory Default	Off	Off
-10% (approx.)	Off	On

Switches 9 and 10 -- Cooling Mode Blower Speed Ramping -- Blower speed ramping may be used to enhance dehumidification performance. The switches are factory set at option A which has the greatest effect on dehumidification performance. TABLE 14 provides the cooling mode blower speed ramping options that will result from different switch settings. The cooling mode blower speed ramping options are detailed on the next page.

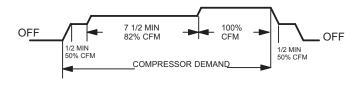
NOTE - The off portion of the selected ramp profile also applies during heat pump operation in dual fuel applications.

TABLE 14
Cooling Mode Speed Ramping

Ramping Option	Switch 9	Switch 10
A (factory)	Off	Off
В	Off	On
С	On	Off
D	On	On

Ramping Option A (Factory Selection)

- Motor runs at 50% for 30 seconds.
- Motor then runs at 82% for approximately 7-1/2 minutes.
- If demand has not been satisfied after 7-1/2 minutes, motor runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
- Once demand is met, motor runs at 50% for 30 seconds then ramps down to stop.



Ramping Option B

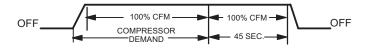
- Motor runs at 82% for approximately 7-1/2 minutes.
 If demand has not been satisfied after 7-1/2 minutes, motor runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
- Once demand is met, motor ramps down to stop.



Ramping Option C

Motor runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.

Once demand is met, motor runs at 100% for 45 seconds then ramps down to stop.



Ramping Option D

- Motor runs at 100% until demand is satisfied.
- Once demand is met, motor ramps down to stop.



Switches 11, 12 and 13 -- Heating Mode Blower Speed -- The switches are factory set to the OFF position which provides normal heat speed. Refer to TABLE 15 for switches 11, 12 and 13 that provided the corresponding increases or decrease to both high and low heat demand.

TABLE 15
Heating Mode Blower Speeds

Heat Speed	Switch 11	Switch 12	Switch 13
Increase 24%	On	On	On
Increase 18%	On	On	Off
Increase 12%	On	Off	On
Increase 6%	On	Off	Off
Factory Default	Off	Off	Off
Decrease 6%	Off	Off	On
Decrease 12%	Off	On	Off
Decrease 18%	Off	On	On

Switches 14 and 15 -- Continuous Blower Speed -- TABLE 16 provides continuous blower speed adjustments that will result from different switch settings.

TABLE 16
Continuous Blower Speed

Continuous Blower Speed	Switch 14	Switch 15
28% of High Cool Speed	Off	On
38% of High Cool Speed	Off	Off
(Factory Setting)	Oii	Oii

On-Board Links

Note: In communicating systems with a conventional outdoor unit (non-communicating), the on-board clippable links must be set to properly configure the system.

WARNING

Carefully review all configuration information provided. Failure to properly set DIP switches, jumpers and on-board links can result in improper operation!

On-Board Link W914 Dehum or Harmony (R to DS)

On-board link W914, is a clippable connection between terminals R and DS on the integrated control. W914 must be cut when the furnace is installed with either the Harmony III zone control or a thermostat which features humidity control. If the link is left intact the PMW signal from the Harmony III control will be blocked and also lead to control damage. Refer to TABLE 17 for operation sequence in applications including SL280DFNV, a thermostat which features humidity control and a single-speed outdoor unit. TABLE 18 gives the operation sequence in applications with a two-speed outdoor unit.

On-Board Link W951 Heat Pump (R to O)

On-board link W951 is a clippable connection between terminals R and O on the integrated control. W951 must be cut when the furnace is installed in applications which include a heat pump unit and a thermostat which features dual fuel use. If the link is left intact, terminal "O" will remain energized eliminating the HEAT MODE in the heat pump.

On-Board Link W915 2 Stage Compr (Y1 to Y2)

On-board link W915 is a clippable connection between terminals Y1 and Y2 on the integrated control. W915 must be cut if two-stage cooling will be used. If the Y1 to Y2 link is not cut the outdoor unit will operate in second-stage cooling only.

Diagnostic LED (Figure 25)

The seven-segment diagnostic LED displays operating status, target airflow, error codes and other information. The table beginning on Page 45 lists diagnostic LED codes.

Diagnostic Push Button (FIGURE 25)

The diagnostic push button is located adjacent to the seven-segment diagnostic LED. This button is used to enable the Error Code Recall "E" mode and the Flame Signal "F" mode. Press the button and hold it to cycle through a menu of options. Every five seconds a new menu item will be displayed. When the button is released, the displayed item will be selected. Once all items in the menu have been displayed, the menu resumes from the beginning until the button is released.

Error Code Recall Mode

Select "E" from the menu to access the most recent 10 error codes. Select "c" from the Error Code Recall menu to clear all error codes. Button must be pressed a second time while "c" is flashing to confirm command to delete codes. Press the button until a solid "=" is displayed to exit the Error Code Recall mode.

Flame Signal Mode

Select "F" from the menu to access the flame signal mode. The integrated control will display the flame current on 7 segment LED in in micro amps (uA).

- Flame signal mode is exited after the following:
- Power is reset
- Pressing and holding push button until 3 horizontal
- lines "≡" are displayed
- 10 minutes of entering the flame sense mode.

BLOWER DATA

SL280DF060NV36B BLOWER PERFORMANCE (less filter)

0 through 0.8 in. w.g. (Heating) and 0 through 1.0 in. w.g. (Cooling) External Static Pressure Range

HEATING		
Heating Speed DIP Switch Settings	First Stage Heating Speed - cfm	Second Stage Heating Speed - cfm
+24%	1065	1175
+18%	1010	1105
+12%	965	1055
+6%	910	990
Factory Default	855	930
-6%	795	880
-12%	745	820
-18%	695	760

	COOLING													
¹ Cooling Speed		First Stage Coo	ling Speed - cfm		Second Stage Cooling Speed - cfm									
DIP Switch Settings	Low	Medium-Low	Medium-High	² High	Low	Medium-Low	Medium-High	² High						
+	730	780	840	960	1000	1090	1215	1350						
Factory Default	665	705	760	870	910	990	1095	1220						
-	600	635	685	765	810	885	985	1095						

¹ Cooling and heating speeds are based on a combination of DIP switch settings on the furnace control. Refer to Installation Instructions for specific DIP Switch Settings.

First stage HEAT is approximately 91% of the same second stage HEAT.

First stage COOL (two-stage air conditioning units only) is approximately 70% of the same second stage COOL speed position.

Continuous Fan Only speed is selectable at 28% and 38% of the selected second stage cooling speed - minimum 380 cfm.

Lennox iHarmony' Zoning System Applications - Minimum blower speed is 380 cfm.

SL280DF060NV36B BLOWER MOTOR WATTS (COOLING)

¹ Coolin	ng Speed	Motor Watts @ Various Ext								Exter	External Static Pressures - in. wg.										
	Switch				Fir	st Sta	ge								Sec	ond S	tage				
Set	tings	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
+ Setting	+ Setting																				
	Low	51	65	86	106	125	148	160	179	196	89	116	143	177	193	224	251	269	297	321	350
Cooling	Med-Low	58	71	98	115	133	157	177	190	215	112	146	174	200	232	261	288	317	338	372	394
Speed	Med-High	74	87	115	130	156	178	203	215	239	152	191	228	265	295	324	355	386	416	445	477
	High	79	102	136	156	182	207	228	252	279	209	246	293	335	362	399	441	476	508	531	547
Factory [Factory Default																				
	Low	45	56	73	92	109	128	145	158	175	71	95	118	143	166	188	212	233	256	277	303
Cooling	Med-Low	46	57	77	99	119	134	151	168	188	88	113	139	170	194	216	245	268	290	311	336
Speed	Med-High	58	70	90	111	134	152	169	191	213	133	146	176	205	230	260	289	320	345	370	406
	High	66	87	106	129	147	174	198	216	239	154	191	228	263	294	332	360	391	413	447	475
Setting																					
	Low	36	47	65	81	98	113	134	146	162	58	76	99	118	144	165	184	202	223	246	267
Cooling	Med-Low	39	52	69	88	106	124	137	152	171	69	91	110	138	155	183	203	224	246	267	291
Speed	Med-High	41	55	75	96	111	131	147	168	187	86	111	139	167	189	216	240	265	289	313	341
	High	51	64	89	106	130	153	169	185	211	111	150	189	217	244	270	295	327	348	374	405

² Factory default setting.

NOTES - The effect of static pressure is included in air volumes shown.

BLOWER DATA

SL280DF080NV60C BLOWER PERFORMANCE (less filter)

0 through 0.8 in. w.g. (Heating) and 0 through 1.0 in. w.g. (Cooling) External Static Pressure Range

3 3 1	HEATING											
¹ Heating Speed DIP Switch Settings	First Stage Heating Speed - cfm	Second Stage Heating Speed - cfm										
+24%	1475	1610										
+18%	1385	1515										
+12%	1335	1445										
+6%	1255	1360										
Factory Default	1175	1285										
-6%	1100	1195										
-12%	1050	1140										
-18%	980	1045										
	COOLING											

	COOLING													
¹ Cooling Speed		First Stage Coo	ling Speed - cfm		Second Stage Cooling Speed - cfm									
DIP Switch Settings	Low	Medium-Low	Medium-High	² High	Low	Medium-Low	Medium-High	² High						
+	1090	1220	1380	1575	1575	1800	2000	2270						
Factory Default	990	1110	1250	1440	1400	1600	1820	2050						
-	890	995	1135	1300	1270	1435	1635	1855						

¹ Cooling and heating speeds are based on a combination of DIP switch settings on the furnace control. Refer to Installation Instructions for specific DIP Switch Settings.

First stage HEAT is approximately 91% of the same second stage HEAT.

First stage COOL (two-stage air conditioning units only) is approximately 70% of the same second stage COOL speed position.

Continuous Fan Only speed is selectable at 28% and 38% of the selected second stage cooling speed - minimum 450 cfm.

Lennox iHarmony Zoning System Applications - Minimum blower speed is 450 cfm.

SL280DF080NV60C BLOWER MOTOR WATTS (COOLING)

¹ Coolin	ng Speed	Motor Watts @ Various Exte								External Static Pressures - in. wg.											
	Switch				Fir	st Sta	ge								Sec	ond S	tage				
Set	tings	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0
+ Setting	+ Setting																				
	Low	96	117	148	175	200	228	252	276	297	270	296	336	368	404	444	478	515	545	577	611
Cooling	Med-Low	121	155	184	212	243	273	302	330	354	373	408	441	484	522	554	601	641	689	731	774
Speed	Med-High	183	215	255	283	319	354	380	411	439	529	578	629	682	718	763	824	859	903	951	989
	High	256	285	335	358	401	436	473	512	545	843	877	935	979	1036	1052	1058	1057	1047	1042	1035
Factory [Factory Default																				
	Low	77	98	121	150	173	198	221	238	262	190	221	247	293	317	362	388	417	448	483	504
Cooling	Med-Low	104	126	150	179	207	233	262	286	309	291	317	350	393	432	471	503	538	572	610	642
Speed	Med-High	139	167	199	231	259	286	319	344	368	399	423	464	520	547	593	646	686	722	760	813
	High	191	225	255	292	322	359	392	428	456	601	639	683	733	789	837	887	932	977	1018	1034
Setting																					
	Low	65	86	110	135	157	177	197	217	238	137	164	198	228	260	288	320	349	372	399	429
Cooling	Med-Low	74	95	123	148	173	202	222	241	264	206	239	269	302	343	376	411	437	472	501	534
Speed	Med-High	108	137	166	196	217	248	271	296	320	281	309	342	385	426	463	501	538	573	603	644
	High	139	166	201	229	264	292	323	347	384	417	458	501	545	586	632	687	729	762	814	851

² Factory default setting.

NOTES - The effect of static pressure is included in air volumes shown.

TABLE 17 OPERATING SEQUENCE

SL280DFV Non-Communicating Thermostat with Humidity Control Feature and Single-Speed Outdoor Unit

OPERATING SEQU	JENCE	5	SYSTEM	DEMAN	ND			RESPONS	E			
System		Т	hermost	at Dema	ınd	Relative Hu	ımidity	Compre	Blower	_		
Condition	Step	Y1	0	G	W1	Status	D	ssor	CFM (cool)	Comments		
NO CALL FOR DEH	NO CALL FOR DEHUMIDIFICATION											
Normal Operation	1	On	On	On		Acceptable	Acceptable 24 VAC High		100%	Compressor and indoor blower follow thermostat demand		
BASIC MODE (only active on a Y1 thermostat demand)												
Normal Operation	1	On	On	On		Acceptable	24 VAC	High	100%	ComfortSense® 7500 thermostat energizes		
Dehumidification call	2	On	On	On		Demand	0 VAC	High	70%*	Y1 and de-energizes D on a call for de- humidification		
PRECISION MODE												
Normal Operation	1	On	On	On		Acceptable	24 VAC	High	100%	Dehumidification mode begins when		
Dehumidification Call	2	On	On	On		Demand	0 VAC	High	70%*	humidity is greater than set point		
Dehumidification Call Only	1	On	On	On		Demand	0 VAC	High	70%*	ComfortSense® 7500 thermostat will try to maintain room humidity setpoint by allowing the room space to maintain a cooler room thermostat setpoint**		
	Jumpers at indoor unit with a single stage outdoor unit. With Condensing unit - Cut W914 (R to DS) on SureLight® control With Heat Pump - Cut W914 (R to DS) & W951 (R to O) on SureLight® control											

Dave Lennox ComfortSense® 7500 thermostat to use for this application - Y2081 4 heat / 2 cool

^{*}Dehumidification blower speed is 70% of COOL speed for all units .

^{**}In Precision mode, ComfortSense® 7000 thermostat will maintain room temperature up to 2 °F (1.2°C) cooler than room setting.

TABLE 18 OPERATING SEQUENCE

SL280DFV, Non-Communicating Thermostat with Humidity Control Feature and Two-Speed Outdoor Unit

OPERATING								0)/07514 D=00005							
SEQUENCE	,		SY ——	STEM	DEM.	AND ———				SYSTEM	/I RESPO	ONSE			
System	Step		Th	ermost	at Den	nand		Relative Hun	nidity	Compre	Blower CFM	Comments			
Condition	Step	Y1	Y2	0	G	W1	W2	Status	D	ssor	(cool)	Comments			
NO CALL FOR DE	HUMID	IFIC <i>A</i>	TION									•			
Normal Operation Y1	1	On		On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	Low	70%*	Compressor and indoor blower follow thermostat			
Normal Operation Y2	2	On	On	On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	High	100%	demand			
ROOM THERMOS	TAT CA	LLS	FOR I	IRST	STAC	E CO	OLING	;							
BASIC MODE (only	BASIC MODE (only active on a Y1 thermostat demand)														
Normal Operation	1	On		On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	Low	70%*	ComfortSense® 7500 thermostat energizes Y1			
Dehumidification call	2	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%**	and de-energizes D on a call for de-humidification			
PRECISION MODE (operates independent of a Y1 demand)															
Normal Operation	1	On		On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	Low	70%*	Dehumidification mode			
Dehumidification Call	2	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%**	begins when humidity is greater than set point			
Dehumidification Call Only	1	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%**	ComfortSense® 7500 thermostat will try to maintain room humidity setpoint by allowing the room space to maintain a cooler room thermostat setpoint**			
ROOM THERMOS	TAT CA	LLS	FOR I	FIRST	AND	SECO	ND ST	AGE COOLIN	IG			,			
BASIC MODE (only	active	on a	Y1 the	ermost	tat der	nand)						·			
Normal Operation	1	On	On	On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	High	100%	ComfortSense® 7500 thermostat energizes Y2			
Dehumidification Call	2	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%**	and de-energizes D on a call for de-humidification			
PRECISION MODE	(opera	ates ir	ndepei	ndent	of a Y	1 therr	nostat	demand)							
Normal Operation	1	On		On	On			Acceptable	24 VAC	Low	70%*	Dehumidification mode begins when humidity is			
Dehumidification Call	2	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%**	greater than set point			
Dehumidification Call ONLY	1	On	On	On	On			Demand	0 VAC	High	70%**	ComfortSense® 7500 thermostat will try to			
	Cut fa	ctory Conde	jumpe ensing	er from unit -	Y1 to Cut W	Y2 or /914 (I	cut W	utdoor unit 915 (Y1 to Y2) S) on SureLigh W951 (R to O)	it® con		ntrol	maintain room humidity setpoint by allowing the room space to maintain a cooler room thermostat setpoint***			

ComfortSense® 7500 thermostat to use for this application - Y2081 4 heat / 2 cool

^{*}Normal operation first stage cooling blower speed is 70% COOL speed.

^{**}Dehumidification blower speed is, reduced to 70% of COOL.

^{***}In Precision mode, ComfortSense® 7000 thermostat will maintain room temperature up to 2 °F (1.2°C) cooler than room setting.

Unit Start-Up

A WARNING

Do not use this furnace if any part has been underwater. Immediately call a licensed professional service technician (or equivalent) to inspect the furnace and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

▲ WARNING

If overheating occurs or if gas supply fails to shut off, shut off the manual gas valve to the appliance before shutting off electrical supply.

A CAUTION

Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch.

A WARNING

During blower operation, the ECM motor emits energy that may interfere with pacemaker operation. Interference is reduced by both the sheet metal cabinet and distance.

BEFORE LIGHTING smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

The gas valve on the SL280DFNV unit will be equipped with either a gas control switch. Use only your hand to move the control switch. Never use tools. If the switch will not turn or if the switch will not move by hand, do not try to repair it. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

Placing the furnace into operation:

SL280DFNV units are equipped with an automatic ignition system. Do not attempt to manually light burners on these furnaces. Each time the thermostat calls for heat, the burners will automatically light. The ignitor does not get hot when there is no call for heat on units with an automatic ignition system.

A WARNING

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or death.

Gas Valve Operation (FIGURE 26)

- 1 **STOP!** Read the safety information at the beginning of this section.
- 2 Set the thermostat to the lowest setting.
- 3 Turn off all electrical power to the unit.

- 4 This furnace is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burners. Do not try to light the burners by hand.
- 5 Remove the access panel.
- 6 Move switch on gas valve to OFF. Do not force. See FIGURE 26.
- 7 Wait five minutes to clear out any gas. If you then smell gas, STOP! Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions. If you do not smell gas go to next step.

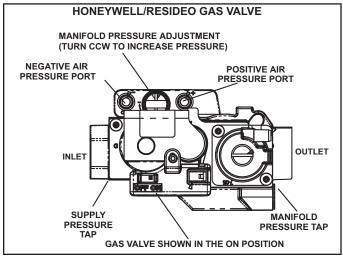


FIGURE 26

- 8 Move switch on gas valve to ON. Do not force. See FIGURE 26.
- 9 Replace the access panel.
- 10 Turn on all electrical power to to the unit.
- 11 Set the thermostat to desired setting.

NOTE - When unit is initially started, steps 1 through 11 may need to be repeated to purge air from gas line.

12- If the appliance will not operate, follow the instructions "Turning Off Gas to Unit" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

Turning Off Gas to Unit

- 1 Set the thermostat to the lowest setting.
- Turn off all electrical power to the unit if service is to be performed.
- 3 Remove the upper access panel.
- 4 Move switch on gas valve to OF. Do not force. See FIGURE 26.
- 5 Replace the upper access panel.

Failure To Operate

If the unit fails to operate, check the following:

- 1 Is the thermostat calling for heat?
- 2 Are access panels securely in place?
- 3 Is the main disconnect switch closed?
- 4 Is there a blown fuse or tripped circuit breaker?

- 5 Is the filter dirty or plugged? Dirty or plugged filters will cause the limit control to shut the unit off.
- 6 Is gas turned on at the meter?
- 7 Is the manual main shut-off valve open?
- 8 Is the internal manual shut-off valve open?
- 9 Is the unit ignition system in lock out? If the unit locks out again, call the service technician to inspect the unit for blockages.
- 10 -Is pressure switch closed? Obstructed flue will cause unit to shut off at pressure switch. Check flue and outlet for blockages.

Gas Pressure Adjustment

A IMPORTANT

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or death.

Gas Flow (Approximate)

Furnace should operate at least 5 minutes before checking gas flow. Determine time in seconds for two revolutions of gas through the meter. (Two revolutions assures a more accurate time.) **Divide by two** and compare to time in TABLE 19 below. If manifold pressure matches TABLE 20 and rate is incorrect, check gas orifices for proper size and restriction. Remove temporary gas meter if installed.

NOTE - Shut unit off and remove manometer as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained. Take care to replace pressure tap plug.

TABLE 19

GAS METERING CLOCKING CHART						
01.000	Natural 10	atural 1000 btu/cu ft LP 2500 btu cu/cu ft				
SL280 Unit	S	econds For C	ne Revolution			
Offic	1 cu ft dial	2 cu fr dial	r dial 1 cu ft Dial 2 cu ft Dia			
-060	60	120	150	300		
-080	45	90	112	224		

Supply Line Pressure

A port on the inlet side of the gas valve (FIGURE 26) provides access to the supply pressure tap. Loosen the screws and connect a manometer to measure supply pressure. The minimum supply line pressure is 4.5" - 10.5"w.c. for natural and 11.0 - 13.0" wc for LP/Propane. Tighten after measurements have been taken.

Manifold Pressure

 Remove the threaded plug from the outlet side of the gas valve (FIGURE 26) and install a fieldprovided barbed fitting. Connect measuring device "+" connection to barbed fitting to measure manifold pressure.

- Start unit and allow 5 minutes for unit to reach steady state.
- 3 After allowing unit to stabilize for 5 minutes, record manifold pressure and compare to value given in TABLE 20.
- 4 Shut unit off and remove manometer as soon as an accurate reading has been obtained.

▲ IMPORTANT

DO NOT ADJUST GAS VALVE

See unit service manual for troubleshooting if manifold pressure and combustion sample do not meet specification.

TABLE 20
Manifold in wc and LP/Propane Conversion Kit

Altitude ft	Unit	LP Kit	High Fire Nat	Low Fire Nat	High Fire LP	Low Fire LP
0-4500	-060	20P40	3.0 - 3.8	1.3 - 1.7	24 20	1.5 - 1.9
0-4500	-080	20P41	3.0 - 3.0	1.3 - 1.7	3.4 - 3.8	
4501 -	-060	20P40	25 22	12 17	2.7 - 3.2	1.3 - 1.7
7500	-080	N/A	2.0 - 3.3	2.5 - 3.3 1.3 - 1.7	N/A	N/A

Proper Combustion

Restart unit and check for any gas leaks. Seal any leaks if found. Furnace should operate minimum 15 minutes with correct manifold pressure and gas flow rate before checking combustion. TABLE 21 shows acceptable combustion for all models.

TABLE 21

Firing Rate	CO2% Nat	CO2% LP		
High Fire	6.0 - 7.8	7.5 - 9.0		
Low Fire	0.0 - 7.0	7.5 - 9.0		
The carbon monoxide reading should not exceed 100 ppm.				

High Altitude

Units may be installed at altitudes up to 7,500 ft. above sea level. See TABLE 20 for de-rate manifold values. Units installed at altitude of 4501 - 7,500 feet require a pressure switch change which can be ordered separately. TABLE 22 lists pressure switch requirements at high altitude. The combustion air pressure switch is factory-set and requires no adjustment.

TABLE 22

Unit		e Switch 7500 ft		
	Natural	LP/propane		
-060	20K91	No Change		
-080	No Change	N/A		

Other Unit Adjustments

Primary Limit

The primary limit is located on the heating compartment vestibule panel. The secondary limits (if equipped) are located in the blower compartment, attached to the back side of the blower. These limits are factory set and require no adjustment.

Thermal Switch

The auto-reset switch is located on the front of the air gas intake. The switch will safely shut the unit down if excessive temperatures are detected.

Pressure Switches

The pressure switch is located in the heating compartment adjacent to the gas valve. The switch checks for proper combustion air inducer operation before allowing ignition trial. The switch is factory-set and requires no adjustment.

Temperature Rise

Place the unit into operation with a second-stage heating demand. After supply and return air temperatures have stabilized, check the temperature rise. If necessary, adjust the heating blower speed to maintain the temperature rise within the range shown on the unit nameplate. See TABLE 23 for allowable heating speeds. Increase the blower speed to decrease the temperature rise. Decrease the blower speed to increase the temperature rise. Failure to properly adjust the temperature rise may cause erratic limit operation.

Thermostat Heat Anticipation

Set the heat anticipator setting (if adjustable) according to the amp draw listed on the wiring diagram that is attached to the unit.

Heating Sequence of Operation

Electronic Ignition

The two-stage, variable speed integrated control used in SL280DFNV units has an added feature of an internal Watchguard control. The feature serves as an automatic reset device for ignition control lockout caused by ignition failure. This type of lockout is usually due to low gas line pressure. After one hour of continuous thermostat demand for heat, the Watchguard will break and remake thermostat demand to the furnace and automatically reset the control to begin the ignition sequence.

NOTE - The integrated control thermostat selection DIP switch is factory-set in the "TWO-STAGE" position.

Applications Using a Two-Stage Thermostat See FIGURE 27 for ignition control sequence

- A Heating Sequence -- Integrated Control Thermostat Selection DIP Switch 1 OFF in "Two-Stage" Position (Factory Setting).
 - 1 On a call for heat, thermostat first-stage contacts close sending a signal to the integrated control.

The integrated control runs a self-diagnostic program and checks high temperature limit switches for normally closed contacts and pressure switches for normally open contacts. The combustion air inducer is energized at low speed.

- 2 Once the control receives a signal that the low pressure switch has closed, the combustion air inducer begins a 15-second pre-purge in low speed.
 - **NOTE -** If the low fire pressure switch does not close the combustion air inducer will switch to high fire. After a 15 second pre-purge the high fire pressure switch will close and the unit will begin operation on high fire. After 10 to 20 seconds of high fire operation the unit will switch to low fire..
- 3 After the pre-purge is complete, a 20-second initial ignitor warm-up period begins. The combustion air inducer continues to operate at low speed.
- 4 After the 20-second warm-up period has ended, the gas valve is energized on low fire (first stage) and ignition occurs. At the same time, the control module sends a signal to begin an indoor blower 30-second ON-delay. When the delay ends, the indoor blower motor is energized on the low fire heating speed, the HUM contacts close energizing the humidifier and 120V ACC terminal is energized. The furnace will continue this operation as long as the thermostat has a first-stage heating demand.
- 5 If second-stage heat is required, the thermostat second- stage heat contacts close and send a signal to the integrated control. The integrated control initiates a 30-second second-stage recognition delay.
- 6 At the end of the recognition delay, the integrated control energizes the combustion air inducer at high speed. The control also checks the high fire (second stage) pressure switch to make sure it is closed. The high fire (second stage) gas valve is energized and the indoor blower motor is energized for operation at the high fire heating speed.
- 7 When the demand for high fire (second stage) heat is satisfied, the combustion air inducer is switched to the low-fire heating speed and the high-fire (second stage) gas valve is de-energized. The low-fire (first stage) gas valve continues operation. The indoor blower motor is switched to the low-fire heating speed.
- 8 When the thermostat demand for low-fire (first stage) heat is satisfied, the gas valve is de-energized and the field-selected indoor blower off delay begins. The combustion air inducer begins a 5-second postpurge period.
- 9 When the combustion air post-purge period is complete, the inducer, the HUM contacts as well as the 120V ACC terminals are de-energized. The indoor blower is de-energized at the end of the off delay.

Applications Using A Single-Stage Thermostat See FIGURE 28 for ignition control sequence

B - Heating Sequence -- Control Thermostat Selection DIP Switch 1 ON in "Single-Stage" Position

NOTE - In these applications, two-stage heat will be initiated by the integrated control if heating demand has not been satisfied after the field adjustable period (7 or 12 minutes).

- 1 On a call for heat, thermostat first-stage contacts close sending a signal to the integrated control. The integrated control runs a self-diagnostic program and checks high temperature limit switches for normally closed contacts and pressure switches for normally open contacts. The combustion air inducer is energized at low speed.
- 2 Once the control receives a signal that the low pressure switch has closed, the combustion air inducer begins a 15-second pre-purge in low speed.
 - **NOTE -** If the low fire pressure switch does not close the combustion air inducer will switch to high fire. After a 15 second pre-purge the high fire pressure switch will close and the unit will begin operation on high fire. After 10 to 20 seconds of high fire operation the unit will switch to low fire.
- 3 After the pre-purge is complete, a 20-second initial ignitor warm-up period begins. The combustion air inducer continues to operate at low speed.

- 4 After the 20-second warm-up period has ended, the gas valve is energized on low fire (first stage) and ignition occurs. At the same time, the control module sends a signal to begin an indoor blower 30-second ON-delay. When the delay ends, the indoor blower motor is energized on the low fire heating speed and the HUM contacts are energized. The integrated control also initiates a second-stage on delay (factory-set at 7 minutes; adjustable to 12 minutes).
- 5 If the heating demand continues beyond the secondstage on delay, the integrated control energizes the combustion air inducer at high speed. The control also checks the high fire (second stage) pressure switch to make sure it is closed. The high fire (second stage) gas valve is energized and the indoor blower motor is energized for operation at the high fire heating speed.
- 6 When the thermostat heating demand is satisfied, the combustion air inducer begins a 5-second low speed post-purge. The field-selected indoor blower off delay begins. The indoor blower operates at the low-fire heating speed.
- 7 When the combustion air post-purge period is complete, the inducer, the HUM contacts as well as the 120V ACC terminals are de-energized. The indoor blower is de-energized at the end of the off delay.

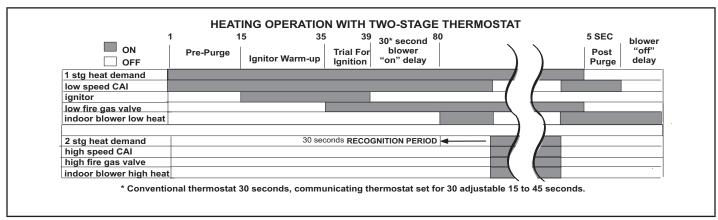


FIGURE 27

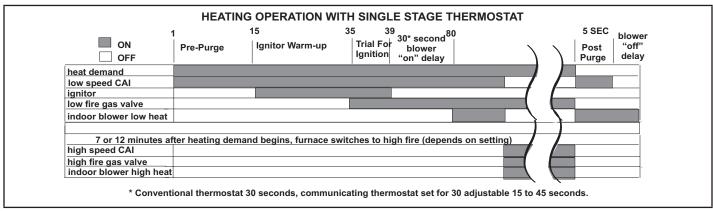


FIGURE 28

A WARNING

ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE, OR EXPLOSION HAZARD.

Failure to follow safety warnings exactly could result in dangerous operation, serious injury, death or property damage.

Improper servicing could result in dangerous operation, serious injury, death, or property damage. Before servicing, disconnect all electrical power to furnace.

When servicing controls, label all wires prior to disconnecting. Take care to reconnect wires correctly. Verify proper operation after servicing.

WARNING

The blower access panel must be securely in place when the blower and burners are operating. Gas fumes, which could contain carbon monoxide, can be drawn into living space resulting in personal injury or death.

Annual Furnace Maintenance

At the beginning of each heating season, and to comply with the **Lennox Limited Warranty**, your system should be checked as follows:

- Check wiring for loose connections, voltage at indoor unit and amperage of indoor motor.
- 2- Check the condition of the belt and shaft bearings if applicable.
- 3- Inspect all gas pipe and connections for leaks.
- 4- Check the cleanliness of filters and change if necessary (monthly).
- 5- Check the condition and cleanliness of burners and heat exchanger and clean if necessary.
- 6- Check the cleanliness of blower assembly and clean the housing, blower wheel and blower motor if necessary.
- 7- Inspect the combustion air inducer and clean if necessary.

- 8- Evaluate the heat exchanger integrity by inspecting the heat exchanger per the AHRI heat exchanger inspection procedure. This procedure can be viewed at www.ahrinet.org
- 9- Ensure sufficient combustion air is available to the furnace. Fresh air grilles and louvers (on the unit and in the room where the furnace is installed) must be properly sized, open and unobstructed to provide combustion air.
- 10- Inspect the furnace venting system to make sure it is in place, structurally sound, and without holes, corrosion, or blockage. Vent system must be free and clear of obstructions and must slope upward away from the furnace. Vent system should be installed per the National Fuel Gas Code
- 11- Inspect the furnace return air duct connection to ensure the duct is sealed to the furnace. Check for air leaks on supply and return ducts and seal where necessary.
- 12- Check the condition of the furnace cabinet insulation and repair if necessary.
- 13- Perform a complete combustion analysis during the furnace inspection to ensure proper combustion and operation. Consult Service Literature for proper combustion values.
- 14- Verify operation of CO detectors and replace batteries as required.

Perform a general system test. Turn on the furnace to check operating functions such as the start-up and shut-off operation.

- 1 Check the operation of the ignition system, inspect and clean flame sensor. Check microamps before and after. Check controls and safety devices (gas valve, flame sensor, temperature limits). Consult Service Manual for proper operating range. Thermal Limits should be checked by restricting airflow and not disconnecting the indoor blower. For additional details, please see Service and Application Note H049
- 2 Verify that system total static pressure and airflow settings are within specific operating parameters.
- 3 See "GAS PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT" section in this instruction to ensure that the unit is operating at the specified firing rate.

Cleaning the Burners

NOTE - Use papers or protective covering in front of the furnace during cleaning.

- 1 Turn off both electrical and gas power supplies to furnace.
- 2 Label the wires from gas valve, thermal switches, primary limit switch and make-up box then disconnect them.
- 3 Disconnect gas supply piping. Remove the screws securing the air fuel plenum to the vestibule panel and
- remove the air intake assembly (can stay intact) / air fuel plenum assembly from the unit. The air intake assembly and air fuel plenum can be removed as one component
- 4- To clean burner, run a vacuum cleaner with a soft brush attachment over the face of burner. Visually inspect inside the burner. Remove any blockage.
- 5- Reinstall air fuel plenum / air intake assembly.
- 6- Re-install gas supply and turn on electrical power to furnace.

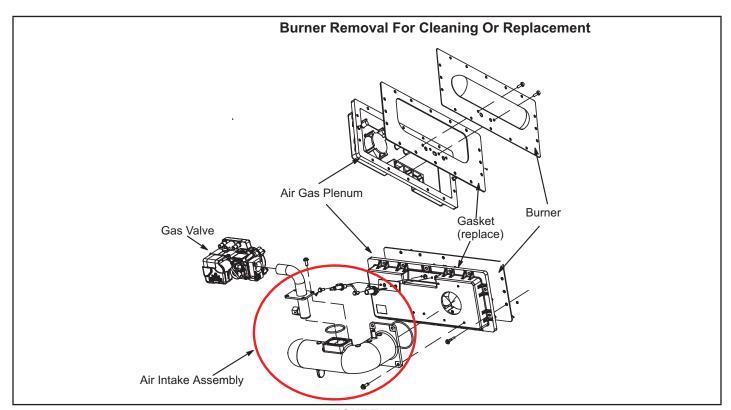


FIGURE 29

Repair Parts List

The following repair parts are available through independent Lennox dealers. When ordering parts, include the complete furnace model number listed on the CSA International nameplate -- Example: SL280DF060NV36B-01. **All service must be performed by a licensed professional installer (or equivalent), service agency, or gas supplier.**

Cabinet Parts

Access panel

Blower panel

Top cap

Control Panel Parts

Transformer

Two-stage, variable speed integrated control

Door interlock switch

Circuit breaker

Blower Parts

Blower wheel

Blower housing

Motor

Motor electronics

Power choke (1 hp only)

Motor mounting frame

Blower housing cutoff plate

Heating Parts

Flame Sensor

Heat exchanger assembly

Gas manifold

Combustion air inducer

Gas valve

Main burner

Main burner orifice

Pressure switch

Ignitor

Primary limit control

Thermal switch

Display	Action (when button is released)
No change (idle)*	Remain in idle mode
Solid "E"	Enter diagnostic recall mode
Solid "D"	Discharge Air Installed
Solid "F"	Enter flame signal mode
Solid "F" (variable speed only)	Program unit capacity size (Unit Code)
 Two Horizontal bars	soft disable

^{*} No change implies the display will continue to show whatever is currently being displayed for normal operation (blinking decimal, active error code, heat state, etc..)

Diagnostic LED (FIGURE 25)

The seven-segment diagnostic LED displays operating status, target airflow, error codes and other information. The table beginning on the next page lists diagnostic LED codes.

Diagnostic Push Button (FIGURE 25)

The diagnostic push button is located adjacent to the seven-segment diagnostic LED. This button is used to enable the Error Code Recall "E" mode and the Flame Signal "F" mode. Press the button and hold it to cycle through a menu of options. Every five seconds a new menu item will be displayed. When the button is released, the displayed item will be selected. Once all items in the menu have been displayed, the menu resumes from the beginning until the button is released.

Error Code Recall Mode

Select "E" from the menu to access the most recent 10 error codes. Select "c" from the Error Code Recall menu to clear all error codes. Button must be pressed a second time while "c" is flashing to confirm command to delete codes. Press the button until a solid "=" is displayed to exit the Error Code Recall mode.

Flame Signal Mode

Select "F" from the menu to access the flame signal mode. The integrated control will display the flame current on 7 segment LED in in micro amps (uA).

Flame signal mode is exited after any of the following:

- Power is reset
- Pressing and holding push button until 3 horizontal
- lines "≡" are displayed
- 10 minutes after entering the flame sense mode.

Program Unit Capacity/Size Mode

After the "P" is selected (by releasing the push button) the integrated control will start flashing the "P" on display for 90 seconds. If push button is pressed again and held during that time, the control will start to display characters corresponding to different variable speed furnace models for 3 seconds each. While the wanted character-model is displayed push button has to be released. Selected option will flash display for 10 seconds and during that time push button has to be pressed and held for 5 seconds. Once control accepts new setting it will store data in non-volatile memory and reset itself. If 10 seconds expires or push button is held less than 5 seconds, control will exit field test mode and go into idle without changing programming the unit size.

Soft Disable

Soft disabling is when thermostat finds a device on the BUS that it does not recognize and the thermostat sends a the device a message to be in soft disabling mode until properly configured. Two horizontal bars will display.

Steps to follow if the damper control module is displaying the soft disable code.

- Confirm proper wiring between all devices (thermostat, damper control module, indoor and outdoor).
- Cycle power to the control that is displaying the soft disable code.
- 3- Put the room thermostat through set up.
- 4- Go to setup / system devices / thermostat / edit / then push reset.
- 5- Go to setup / system devices / thermostat / edit / then push resetAll.

Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
	Idle mode (Decimal blinks at 1 Hertz 0.5 second ON, 0.5 second OFF).	
A	Cubic feet per minute (cfm) setting for indoor blower (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / cfm setting for current mode displayed.	
С	Cooling stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / 1 or 2 displayed / Pause / cfm setting displayed / Pause / Repeat codes).	
d	Dehumidification mode (1 second ON) / 1 second OFF) / cfm setting displayed / Pause / Repeat Codes).	
h	Heat pump stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / % of input rate displayed / Pause / cfm setting / Pause / Repeat codes.	
Н	Gas Heat Stage (1 second ON, 0.5 second OFF) / 1 or 2 displayed / Pause / cfm setting displayed / Pause / Repeat codes. Blinking during ignition.	
dF	Defrost mode.	
U	Discharge Air Temperature	
E105	Device communication problem - No other devices on RS BUS (Communication system).	Equipment is unable to communicate. Indicates numerous message errors. In most cases errors are related to electrical noise. Make sure high voltage power is separated from RSBus. Check for miswired and/or loose connections between the stat, indoor unit and outdoor unit. Check for a high voltage source of noise close to the system. Fault clears after communication is restored.
E110	Low line voltage.	Line Voltage Low (Voltage lower than nameplate rating). Check power line voltage and correct. Alarm clears 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E111	Low line voltage.	Reverse line power voltage wiring. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E112	Ground not detected	System shuts down. Provide proper earth ground. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E113	High line voltage.	Line Voltage High (Voltage higher than nameplate rating). Provide power voltage within proper range. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E114	Line voltage frequency out-of-range.	No 60 Hertz Power. Check voltage and line power frequency. Correct voltage and frequency problems. System resumes normal operation 5 seconds after fault recovered.
E115	Low 24V - Control will restart if the error recovers.	24-Volt Power Low (Range is 18 to 30 volts). Check and correct voltage. Check for additional power-robbing equipment connected to system. May require installation of larger VA transformer to be installed in furnace / air handler. Clears after fault recovered.
E116	High 24V.	24 Volt Power High (Range is 18 to 30 volts). Check and correct voltage. Check for proper line voltage (120V, 240V, etc.) to equipment. Clears when control senses proper voltage.
E117	Poor ground detected (Warning only)	Provide proper grounding for unit. Check for proper earth ground to the system. Warning only will clear 30 seconds after fault recovered.
E120	Unresponsive device. Communication only.	Usually caused by delay in outdoor unit responding to indoor unit poling. Recycle power. Check all wiring connections. Cleared after unresponsive device responds to any inquiry.

Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
E124	Active communicating thermostat signal missing for more than 3 minutes.	Equipment lost communication with the thermostat. Check four wiring connections, ohm wires and cycle power at the thermostat. Alert stops all services and waits for heartbeat message from thermostat (subnet controller). Cleared after valid thermostat (subnet controller) message is received.
E125	Control failed self-check, internal error, failed hardware. Will restart if error recovers. Integrated control not communicating. Covers hardware errors (flame sense circuit faults, pin shorts, etc.).	Hardware problem on the control. Cycle power on control. Replace if problem prevents service and is persistent. Critical alert. Cleared 300 seconds after fault recovered.
E126	Control internal communication problem.	Hardware problem on the control. Cycle power on control. Replace if problem prevents service and is persistent. Cleared 300 seconds after fault recovered.
E131	Corrupted control parameters (Verify configuration of system). Communicating only.	Reconfigure the system. Replace control if heating or cooling is not available. Only applicable in the communicating mode, not in startup. Exit from Commissioning and Execute 'Set Factory Default mode Control will still operate on default parameter settings
E180	Outdoor air temperature sensor failure. Only shown if shorted or out-ofrange.	Compare outdoor sensor resistance to temperature/ resistance charts in unit installation instructions. Replace sensor pack if necessary. At beginning of (any) configuration, furnace or air handler control will sense outdoor air and discharge air temperature sensor(s). If detected (reading in range), appropriate feature will be set as 'installed' and that could be seen in 'About' screen. In normal operation after control recognizes sensors, alarm will be sent if valid temperature reading is lost. To get rid of setting and alarm, redo configuration and make sure that temperature sensor is marked as 'not installed' in Indoor Unit 'About' screen. When Indoor unit control is replaced, thermostat will 'tell' new control if temperature sensor is in system or not. Clears 30 seconds after fault recovered.
E200	Hard lockout - Rollout circuit open or previously open.	Correct cause of rollout trip, or replace flame rollout switch. Test furnace operation. Cleared after fault recovered.
E201	Indoor blower communication failure - Unable to communicate with blower motor.	Indoor blower communication failure (including power outage). Lost communication with indoor blower motor. Possible causes: motor not powered, loose wiring. Problem may be on control or motor side. Cleared after fault recovered.
E202	Indoor blower motor mis-match - Indoor motor horsepower does not match unit capacity.	Incorrect appliance capacity code selected. Check for proper configuring under: Unit Size Codes for Furnace/Air Handler on configuration guide or in installation instructions. Cleared after the correct match is detected following a reset. (Remove thermostat from system while applying power and reprogramming.)
E203	Appliance capacity / size is NOT programmed. Invalid unit codes refer to configuration flow chart.	No appliance capacity code selected. Check for proper configuring under: Unit Size Codes for Furnace on configuration guide or in installation instructions. Critical Alert. Cleared after valid unit code is read following a reset. (Remove thermostat from system while applying power and reprogramming.)
E204	Gas valve mis-wired.	Check gas valve operation and wiring. Clears when repaired.
E205	Gas valve control relay contact shorted.	Check wiring on control and gas valve. If wiring is correct, replace control.

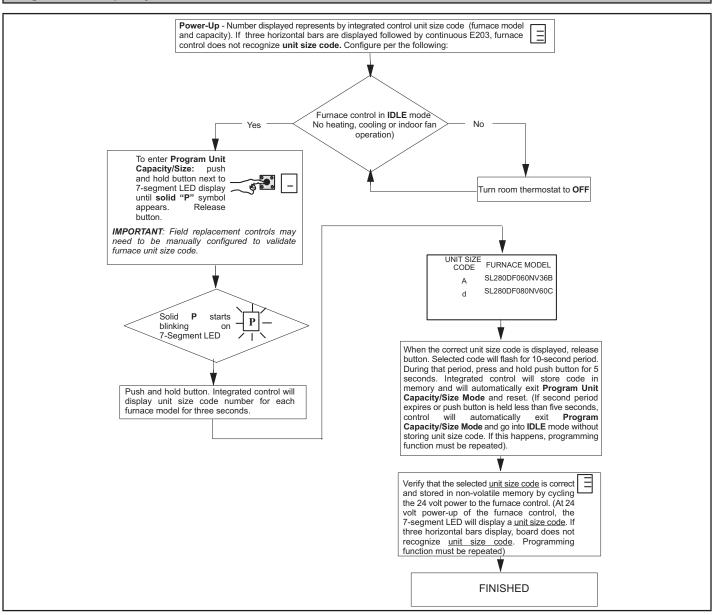
O = 11	Diamartic Collection (F.)	Antina Demotro 14. Observa 15
Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
E206	Gas valve second-stage relay failure	Furnace will operate on 1st stage for remainder of the heating demand. Will clear after fault recovered. If unable to operate 2nd stage, replace control.
E207	Hot surface ignitor sensed open.	Measure resistance of hot surface ignitor. Replace if open or not within specified range found in IOM. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E223	Low pressure switch failed open.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of low pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared
E224	Low pressure switch failed closed.	Check operation of low pressure switch to see if it is stuck closed on heat call longer than 150 seconds. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E225	High pressure switch failed open.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of high pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E226	High pressure switch failed closed	Check operation of high pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E227	Low pressure switch open during trial for ignition or run mode.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of low pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E228	Combustion air inducer calibration failure	Unable to perform pressure switch calibration. Check vent system and pressure switch wiring connections. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E229	Ignition on high fire	IFC switched to high fire ignition because low fire pressure switch did not close in allowed time. No action is needed.
E240	Low flame current - Run mode.	Check micro-amperes of flame sensor using control diagnostics or field-installed mode. Clean or replace sensor. Measure voltage of neutral to ground to ensure good unit ground. Alert clears after current heat call has been completed.
E241	Flame sensed out of sequence - Flame still present.	Shut off gas. Check for gas valve leak. Replace, if necessary. Alert clears when fault is recovered.
E250	Limit switch circuit open.	Check for proper firing rate on furnace. Ensure there is no blockage in heater. Check for proper air flow. If limit not closed within 3 minutes, unit will go into 1-hour soft lockout. Resumes normal operation after fault is cleared.
E252	Discharge air temperature too high (gas heat only).	Check temperature rise, air flow and input rate. Cleared when heat call is finished.
E270	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of retries. No flame current sensed.	Check for proper gas flow. Ensure that ignitor is lighting burner. Check flame sensor current. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.

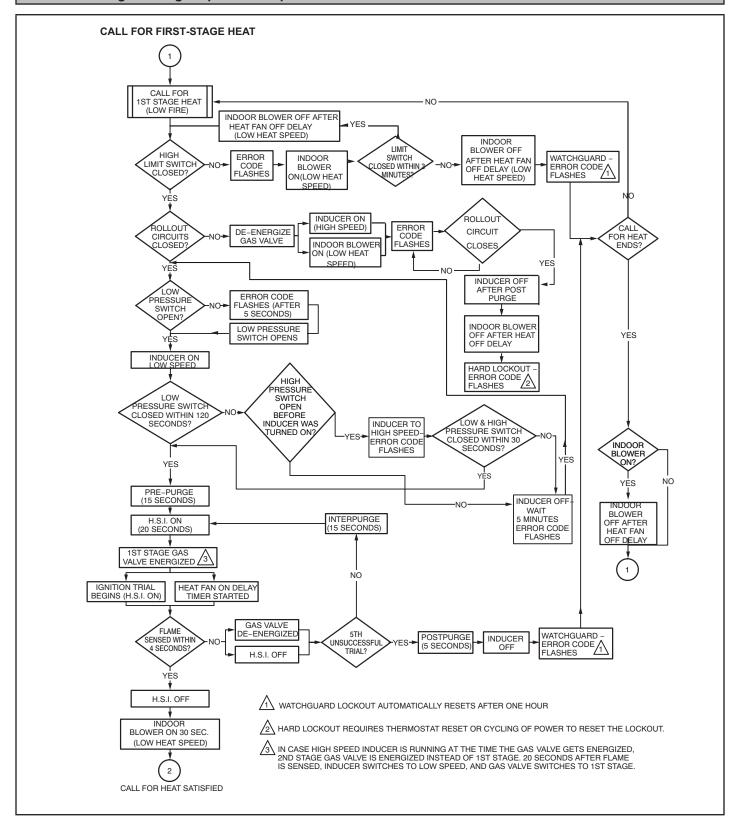
Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
E271	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of retries. Last retry failed due to the pressure switch opening.	Check pressure (inches w.c.) of low pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E272	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of recycles. Last recycle due to the pressure switch opening.	Check operation of low pressure switch to see if it is stuck closed on heat call. Check pressure (inches w.c.) of high pressure switch closing on heat call. Measure operating pressure (inches w.c.). Inspect vent and combustion air inducer for correct operation and restriction. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E273	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of recycles. Last recycle due to flame failure.	Check micro-amperes of flame sensor using control diagnostics or field-installed mode. Clean or replace sensor. Measure voltage of neutral to ground to ensure good unit ground. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E274	Soft lockout - Exceeded maximum number of recycles. Last recycle failed due to the limit circuit opening or limit remained open longer than 3 minutes	Shut down system. 1-hour soft lockout. Check firing rate and air flow. Check for blockage. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.
E275	Soft lockout - Flame sensed out of sequence. Flame signal is gone.	Shut off gas. Check for gas valve leak. 1-hour soft lockout. Clears when flame has been proven stable.
E276	Watchguard calibration failure.	Unable to perform pressure switch calibration. Check vent system and pressure switch wiring connections. 1-hour soft lockout. Clears when calibration has finished successfully.
E290	Ignitor circuit fault - Failed ignitor or triggering circuitry.	Measure resistance of hot surface ignitor. Replace if open or not within specifications. 1-hour soft lockout. Clears when flame has been proven stable.
E291	Heat air flow restricted below the minimum.	Check for dirty filter and air flow restriction. Check blower performance. 1-hour soft lockout. Cleared when heat call finishes successfully.
E292	Indoor blower motor unable to start due to obstructed wheel, seized bearings.	Indoor blower motor unable to start (seized bearing, stuck wheel, etc.). Replace motor or wheel if assembly does not operate or meet performance standards. 1-hour soft lock-out. Clears after circulator successfully starts.
E294	Combustion air inducer over current.	Check combustion blower bearings, wiring and amps. Replace if does not operate or does not meet performance standards. Clears after inducer current is sensed to be inrange after the ignition following the soft lockout or reset.
E295	Indoor blower motor temperature is too high.	Indoor blower motor over temperature (motor tripped on internal protector). Check motor bearings and amps. Replace if necessary. Cleared after blower demand is satisfied.
E310	Discharge error temperature sensor failure. Only shown if shorted or out of range.	Compare outdoor sensor resistance to temperature/ resistance charts in installation instructions. Replace sensor if necessary. Cleared in Communicating mode: 30 seconds after fault recovered. In Non- Communicating mode: Cleared after the current heat call is completed.
E311	Heat rate reduced to match indoor blower air flow.	Warning Only. Furnace blower in cutback mode due to restricted airflow. Reduce firing rate every 60 seconds to match available CFM. Check filter and duct system. To clear, replace filter if needed or repair/ add duct. 2-stage controls will reduce firing rate to 1st stage. Clears when heat call finishes successfully.

Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
E312	Restricted air flow in cooling or continuous fan mode is lower than cfm setting.	Warning Only. Restricted airflow - Indoor blower is running at a reduced CFM (Cutback Mode - The variable speed motor has pre-set speed and torque limiters to protect the motor from damage caused by operating outside of design parameters (0 to 0.8" W.C total external static pressure). Check filter and duct system. To clear, replace filter if needed or repair/add duct. Cleared after the current service demand is satisfied.
E313	Indoor or outdoor unit capacity mismatch. Communication only.	Incorrect indoor/outdoor capacity code selected. Check for proper configuring in installation instructions. Alarm is just a warning. The system will operate, but might not meet efficiency and capacity parameters. Alarm will clear when commissioning is exited. Cleared after commissioning is complete.
E331	Global network connection - Communication link problem.	For Future Use.
E334	Relay "Y1" stuck on interated control.	Replace integrated control.
E347	No 24 Volt output on Y1 of "integrated control" with non communicating outdoor unit.	Operation stopped. Y1 relay / Stage 1 failed. (Pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize; no input back to IFC chip). Critical Alert. Cleared after reset and Y1 input sensed.
E348	No 24 Volt output on Y2 of "integrated control" with non?communicating outdoor unit.	Y2 relay / Stage 2 failed. (Pilot relay contacts did not close or the relay coil did not energize; no input back to IFC chip). Critical Alert. Cleared after reset and Y1 input sensed.
E349	No 24 Volts between R & O on "integrated control" with non communicating outdoor unit (Dual fuel module required for heat pump application	Configuration link R to O needs to be restored. Replace link or hardwire. Applicable in non communicating mode. Critical Alert.
E370	Interlock switch sensed open for 2 minutes.	Control sees the loss of 24VAC for 2 minutes. Terminate all services and wait for interlock switch to close. The alarm will clear when 24VAC is continuously sensed on DS terminal for a minimum of 10 seconds or on a power reset.
E400	LSOM - Compressor internal overload tripped.	Thermostat demand Y1 is present; but, compressor is not running. Check power to outdoor unit. Clears the error after current is sensed in both RUN and START sensors for at least 2 seconds, or after service is removed, or after power reset.
E401	LSOM Compressor long run cycle or low system pressure.	Compressor ran more than 18 hours to satisfy a single thermostat demand. Critical Alert. Clears the error after 30 consecutive normal run cycles or power reset. Also monitors low pressure switch trips.
E402	LSOM - Outdoor unit system pressure trip.	Discharge or suction pressure out-of-limits, or compressor overloaded. Clears the error after 4 consecutive normal compressor run cycles.
E403	LSOM - Compressor short-cycling(Running less than 4 minutes). Outdoor unit pressure trip	Compressor runs less than 3 minutes to satisfy a thermostat demand. Clears the error after 4 consecutive normal run cycles or power reset.
E404	LSOM - Compressor rotor locked. Compressor short-cycling. (Running less than 4 minutes).	Compressor rotor locked up due to run capacitor short, bearings are seized, excessive liquid refrigerant, etc. Clears the error after 4 consecutive normal run cycles or after power reset.
E405	LSOM - Compressor open circuit.	Compressor circuit open (due to power disconnection, open fuse, etc.) Clears the error after 1 normalcompressor run cycle.

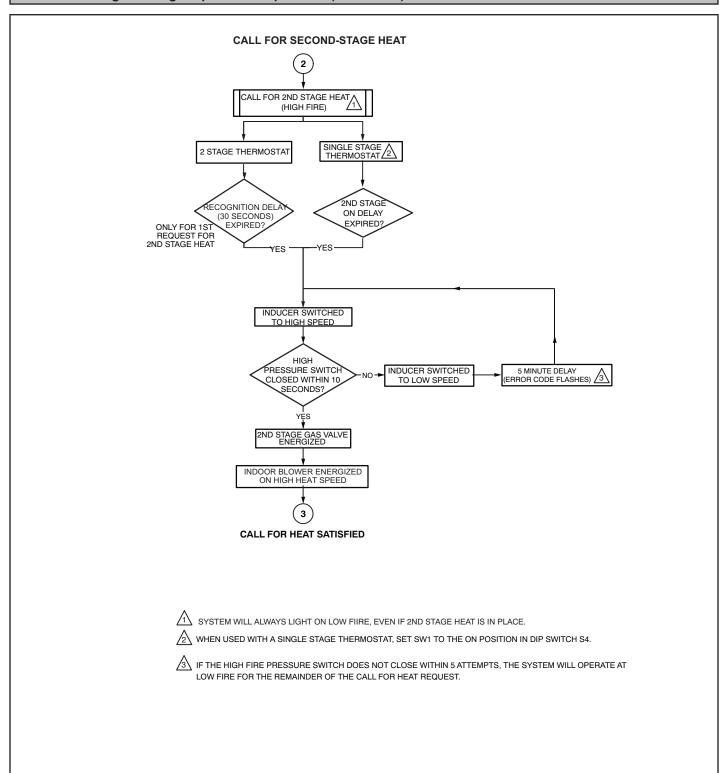
Code	Diagnostic Codes/Status of Equipment	Action Required to Clear and Recover
E406	LSOM - Compressor open start circuit.	Required amount of current is not passing through Start current transformer. Clears the error after current is sensed in START sensor, or after power reset.
E407	LSOM - Compressor open run circuit.	Required amount of current is not passing through Run current transformer. Clears the error after current is sensed in RUN sensor, or 1 normal compressor run cycle, or after power reset.
E408	LSOM - Compressor contactor is welded.	Compressor runs continuously. Clears the error after 1 normal compressor run cycle or after power reset.
E409	LSOM - Compressor low voltage.	Secondary voltage is below 18VAC. After 10 minutes, operation is discontinued. Clears the code after voltage is higher than 20 VAC for 2 seconds or after power reset.

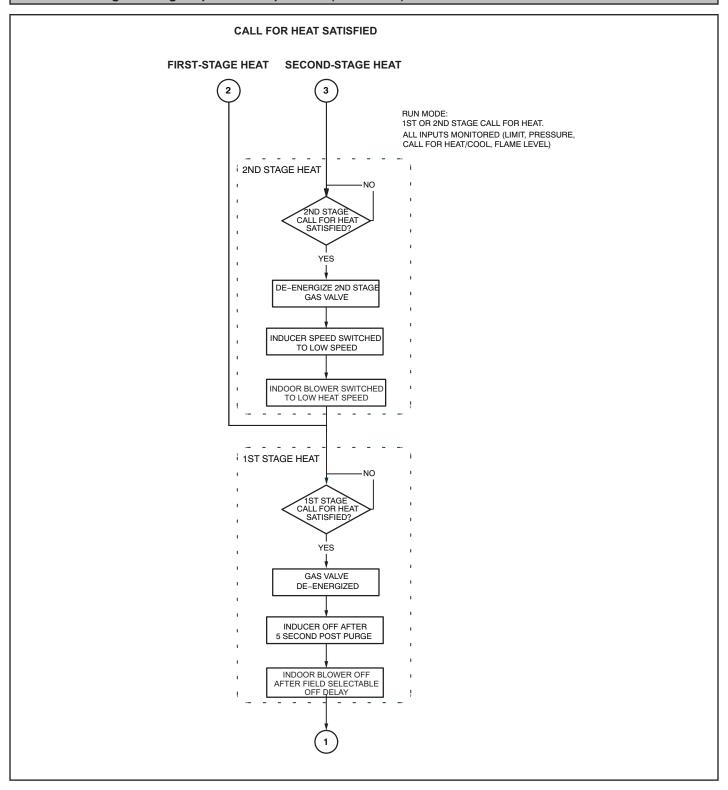
Program Unit Capacity/Size Mode

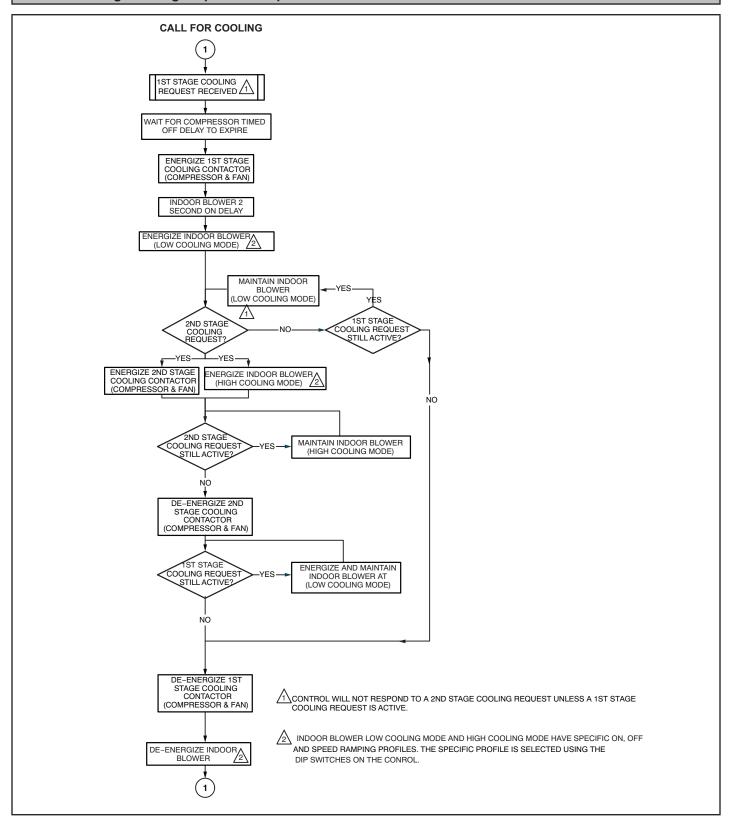




Troubleshooting: Heating Sequence of Operation (Continued)







Troubleshooting: Continuous Fan Sequence of Operation

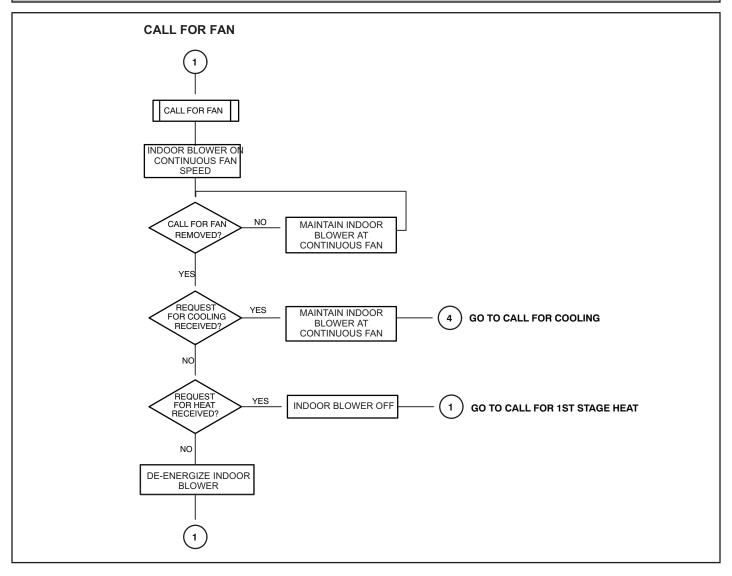


TABLE 23

Allowable Heating Speeds								
Model Number -18% -12% -6% Default +6% +12% +18% +24%							+24%	
060NV36B	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed	Footony Cotting	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed
080NV60C	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed	Factory Setting	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed	Allowed

TABLE 24

Allowable Circulation Speeds		
Model Number	28%	38%
	(second stage heat)	(second stage cool)
All Models	Allowed	Factory Setting